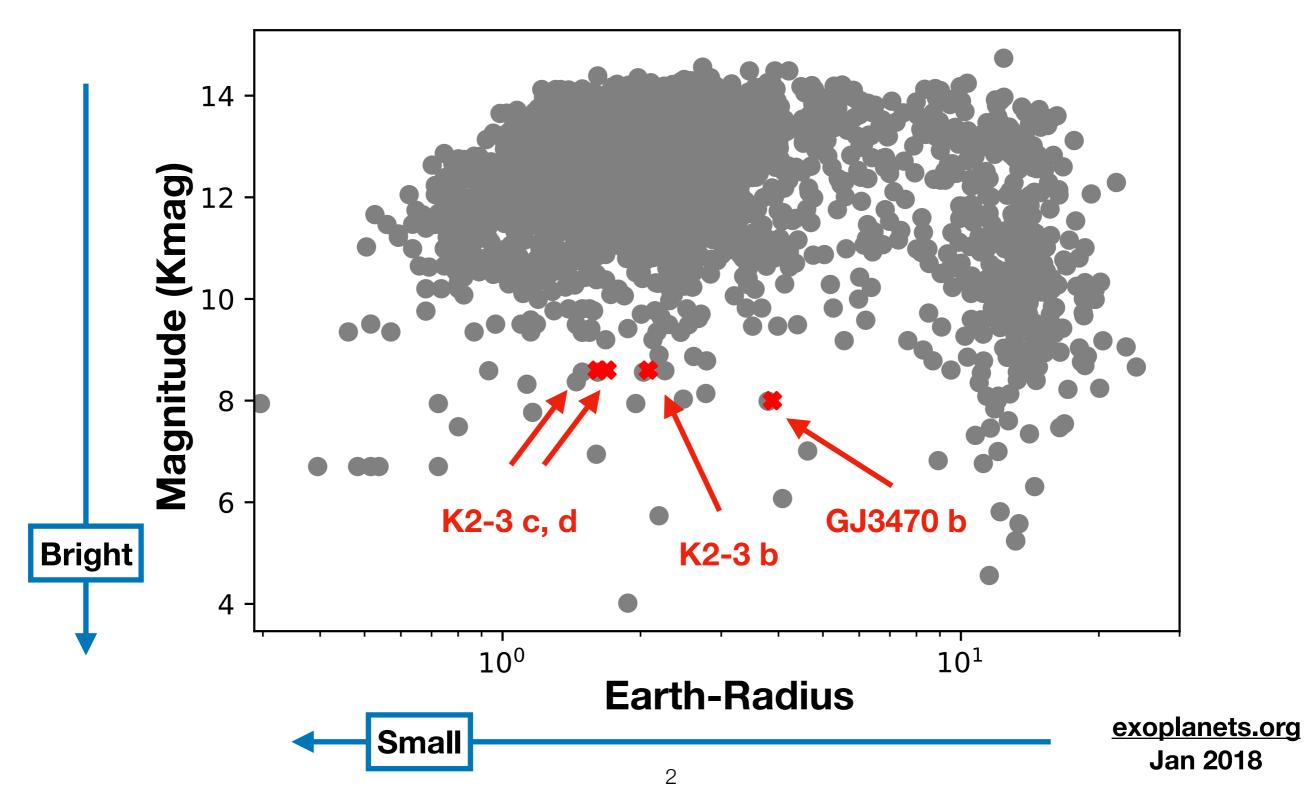
Bright Opportunities for Atmospheric Characterization of Small Planets

Molly Kosiarek, NSF Graduate Fellowship University of California, Santa Cruz ExSoCal September 17th, 2018

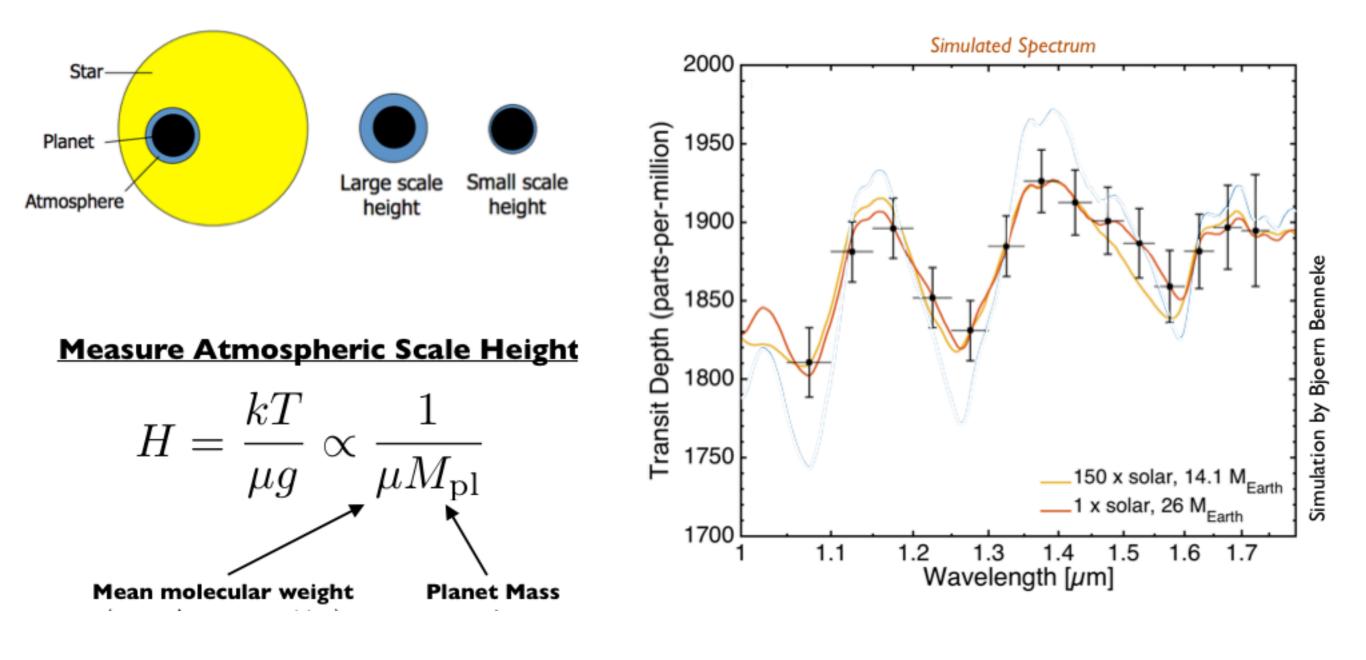
Advisors: Ian Crossfield + Andrew Howard

Kevin Hardegree-Ullman, John Livingston, Gregory Henry, Ward Howard, Bjorn Benneke, Heather Knutson, Courtney Dressing, Joshua Schlieder, and more California Planet Search Team, HARPS Team, Evryscope Team.

We observed GJ3470 and K2-3, two of the brightest M dwarfs hosting small planets.



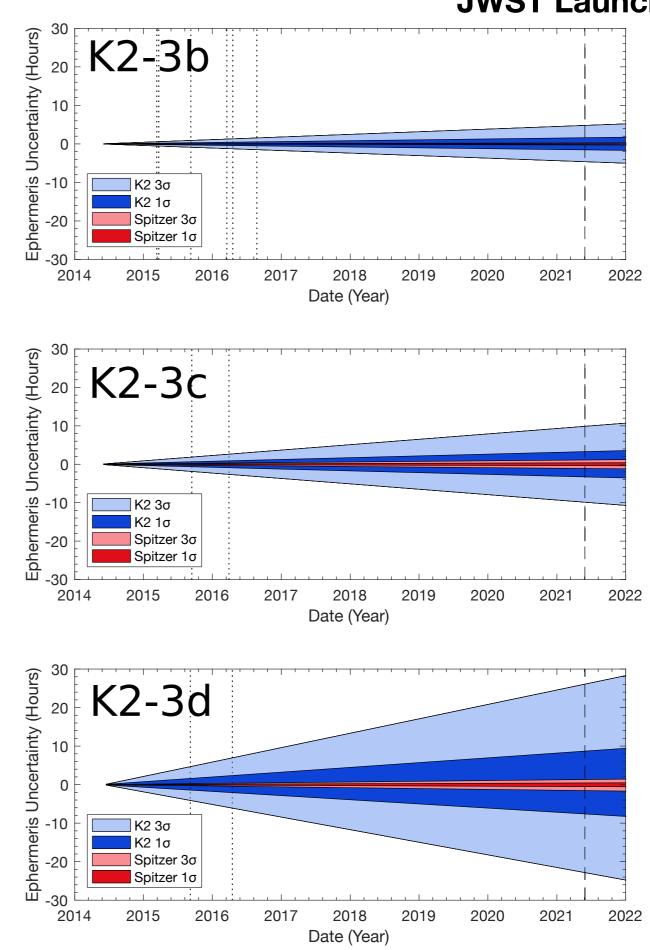
Planet Mass and Atmosphere Composition are Fundamentally Degenerate



JWST Launch

Spitzer transit follow-up of K2-3 planets

- 2 6 transits of each planet
- Transit ephemerides uncertainty decreased by more than 10x

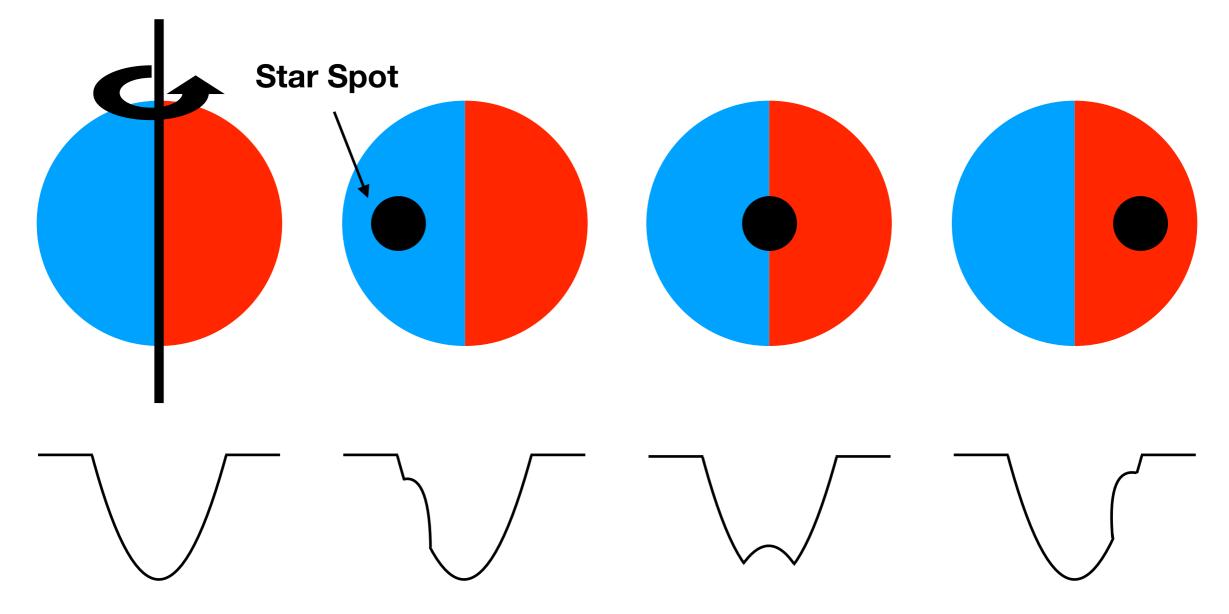


We collected new radial velocity (RV) measurements of K2-3 and GJ3470 on Keck and HARPS.

> Kosiarek et al. 2018 Dai et al. 2016 Almenara et al. 2015 Damasso et al. 2018 Bonfils et al 2012

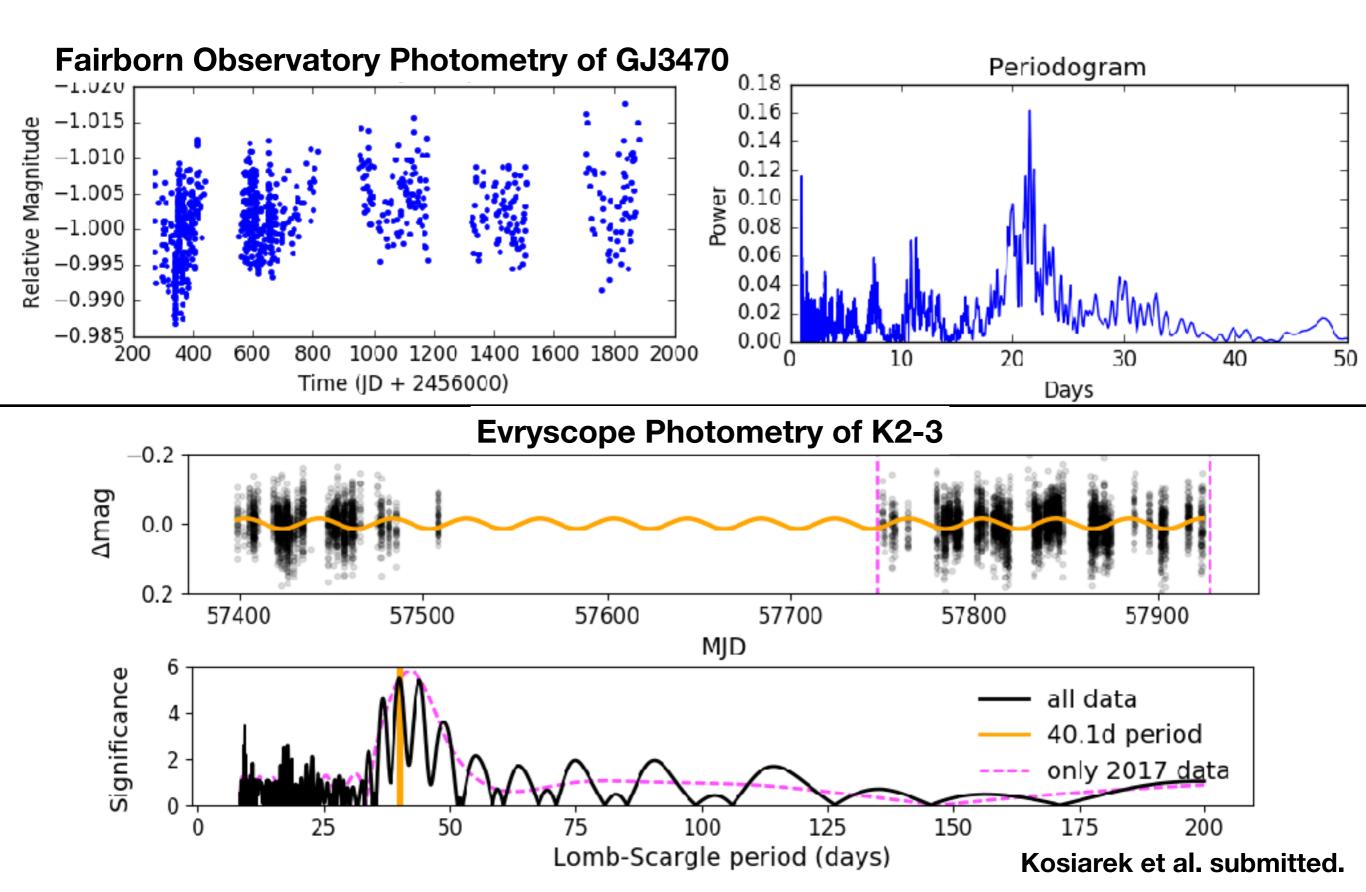
www.keckobservatory.org

Magnetic activity on the stellar surface can induce planet-like signals in RV data.

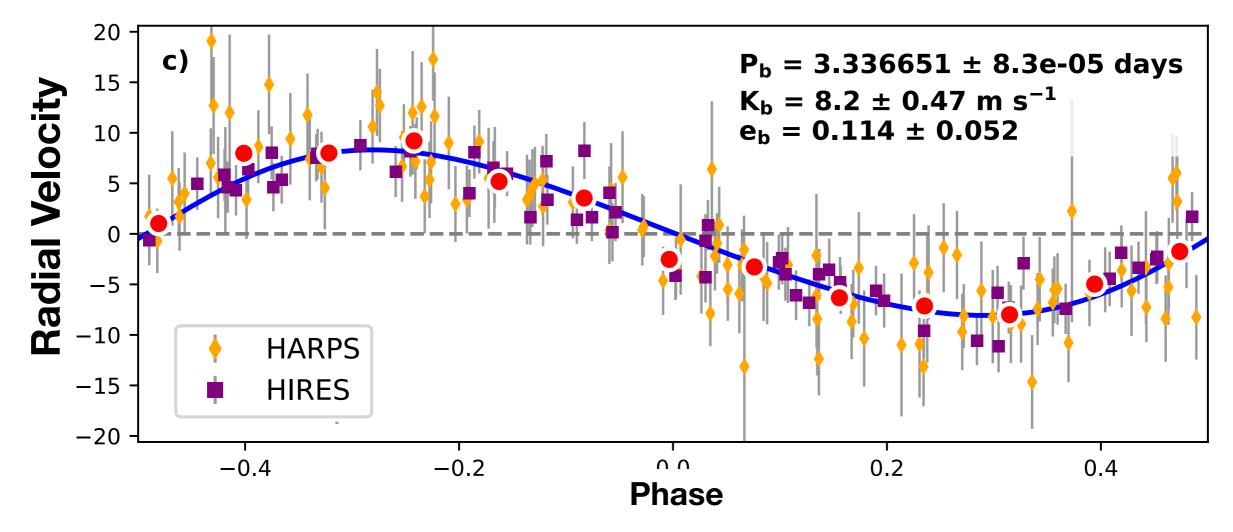


We modeled our RVs with Gaussian processes trained on photometry

Photometry training of GP hyper parameters

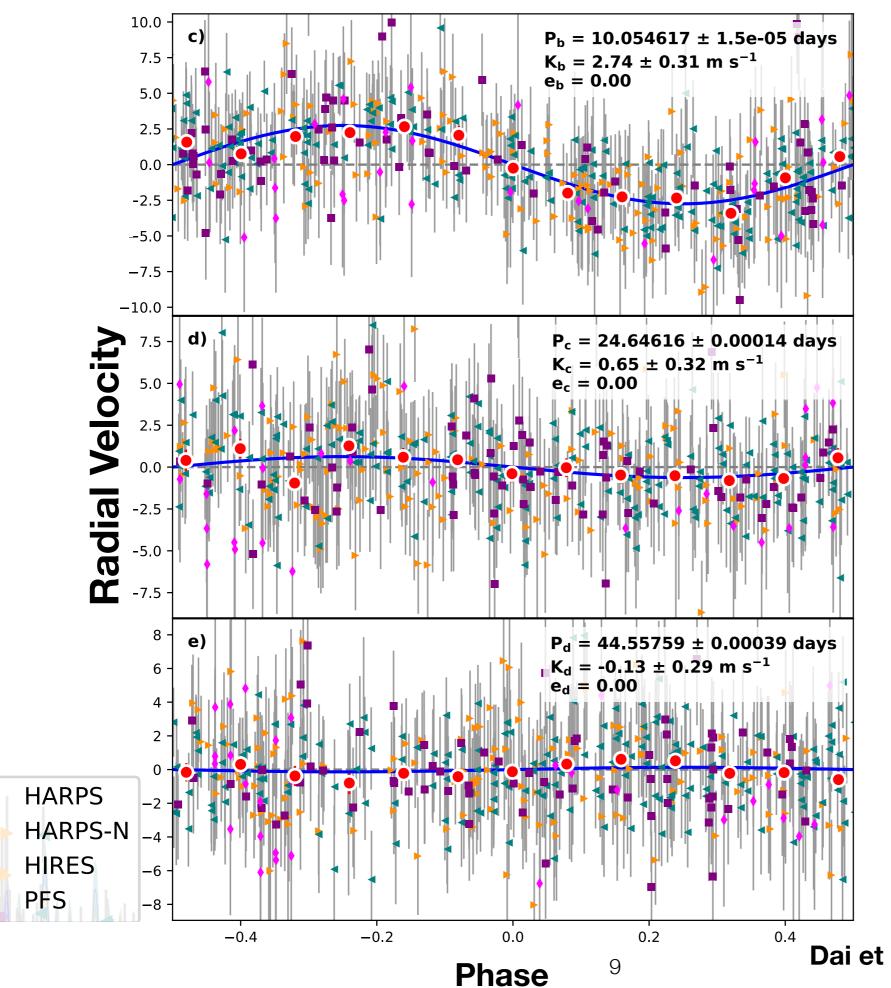


GJ3470: Radial Velocity fit including 57 HIRES and 113 HARPS measurements spanning 8 years.

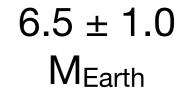


Mass = 12.57 ± 1.3 M_{Earth}

Kosiarek et al. submitted



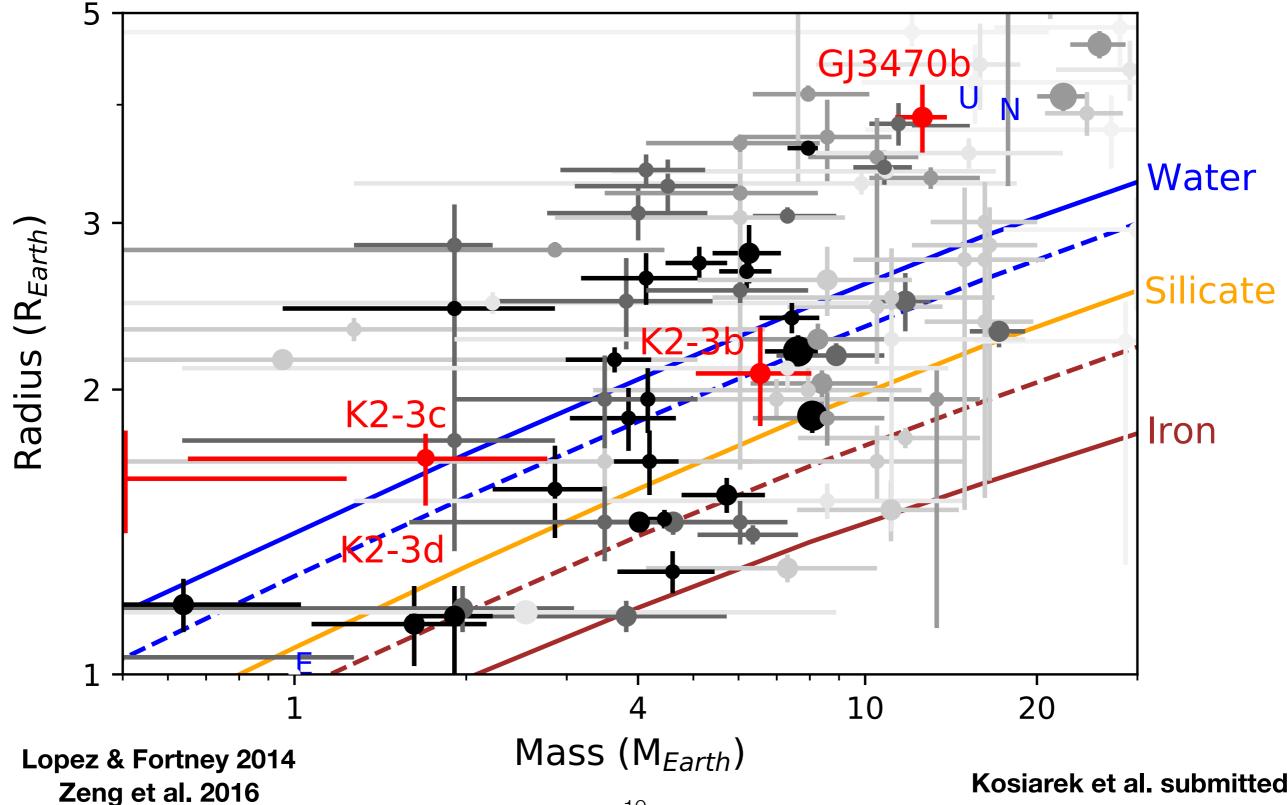
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 2.1 ± 1.1 M_{Earth}

1-σ upper limit: 0.5 M_{Earth} Kosiarek et al. submitted Damasso et al. 2018 Dai et al. 2016 Almenara et al. 2015

GJ3470 has between 4% and 13% H/ He depending on the core composition.



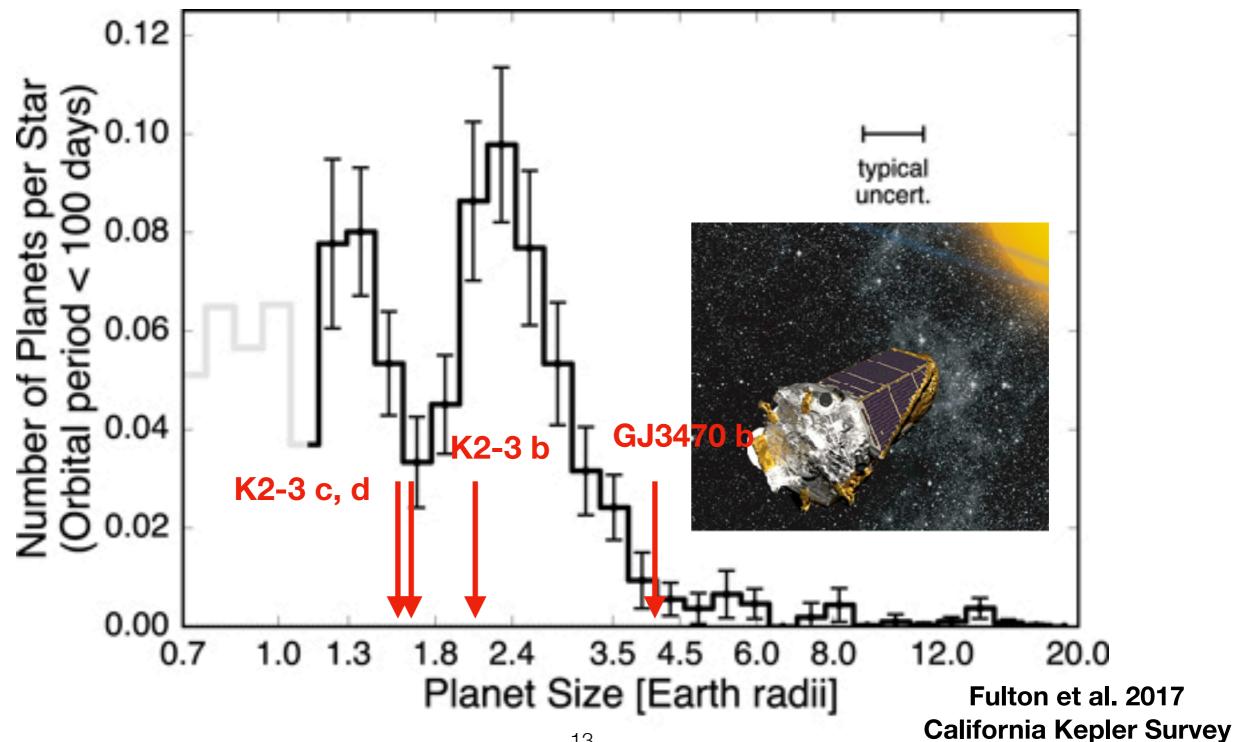
Key Points

- We measured the masses of GJ3470 b and K2-3 b, c, d, crucial for transit spectroscopy measurements.
- The mass of K2-3 d is not well constrained due to the similarities in stellar rotation period and planet orbital period.
- We used a Gaussian process trained on photometry to model correlated noise from stellar activity in our RV fits.
- We refined the periods and radii of K2-3 b, c, and d from Spitzer transits. This ephemeris refinement is essential for future JWST transmission spectroscopy measurements.

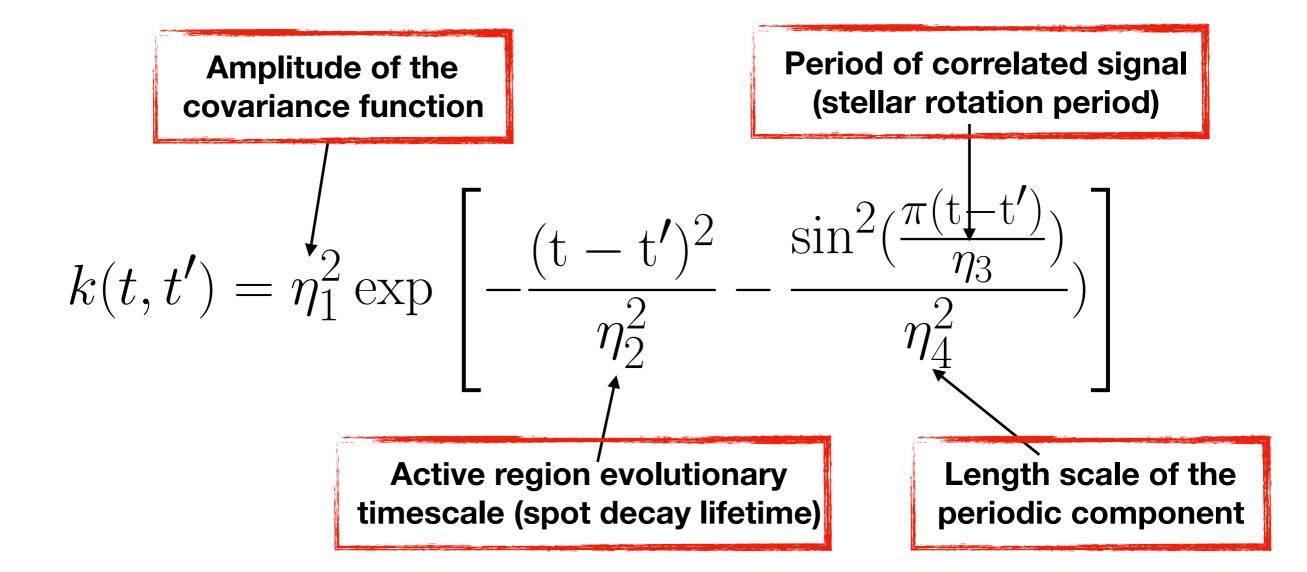
See Kosiarek et al. submitted. for more information. Coming to an arxiv near you soon!

Backup Slides

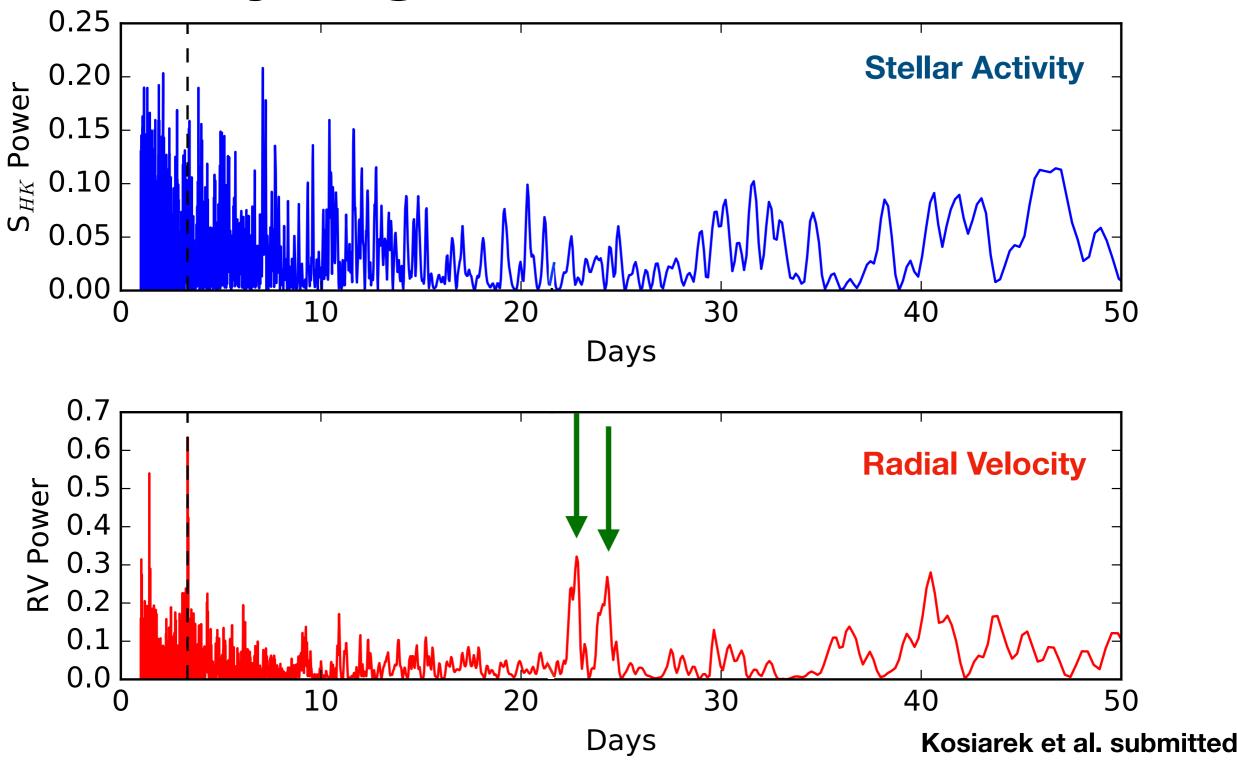
Our four targets span the Fulton gap.



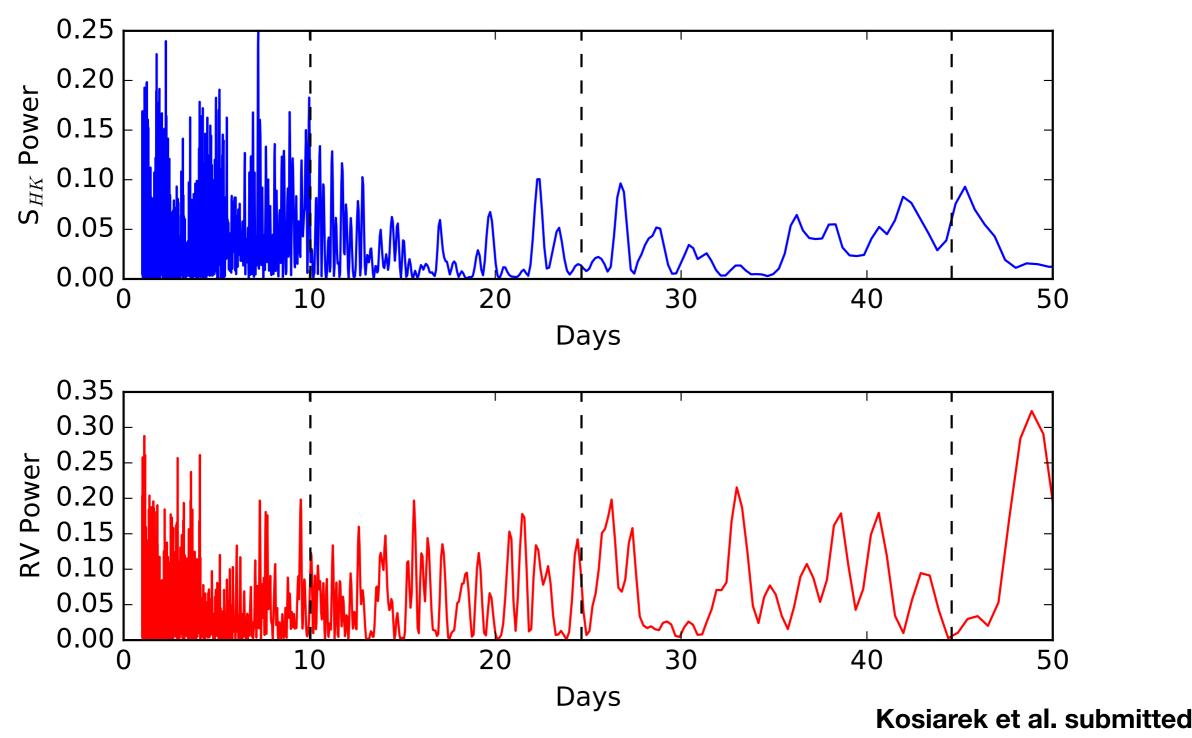
We modeled our RVs with Gaussian processes trained on photometry



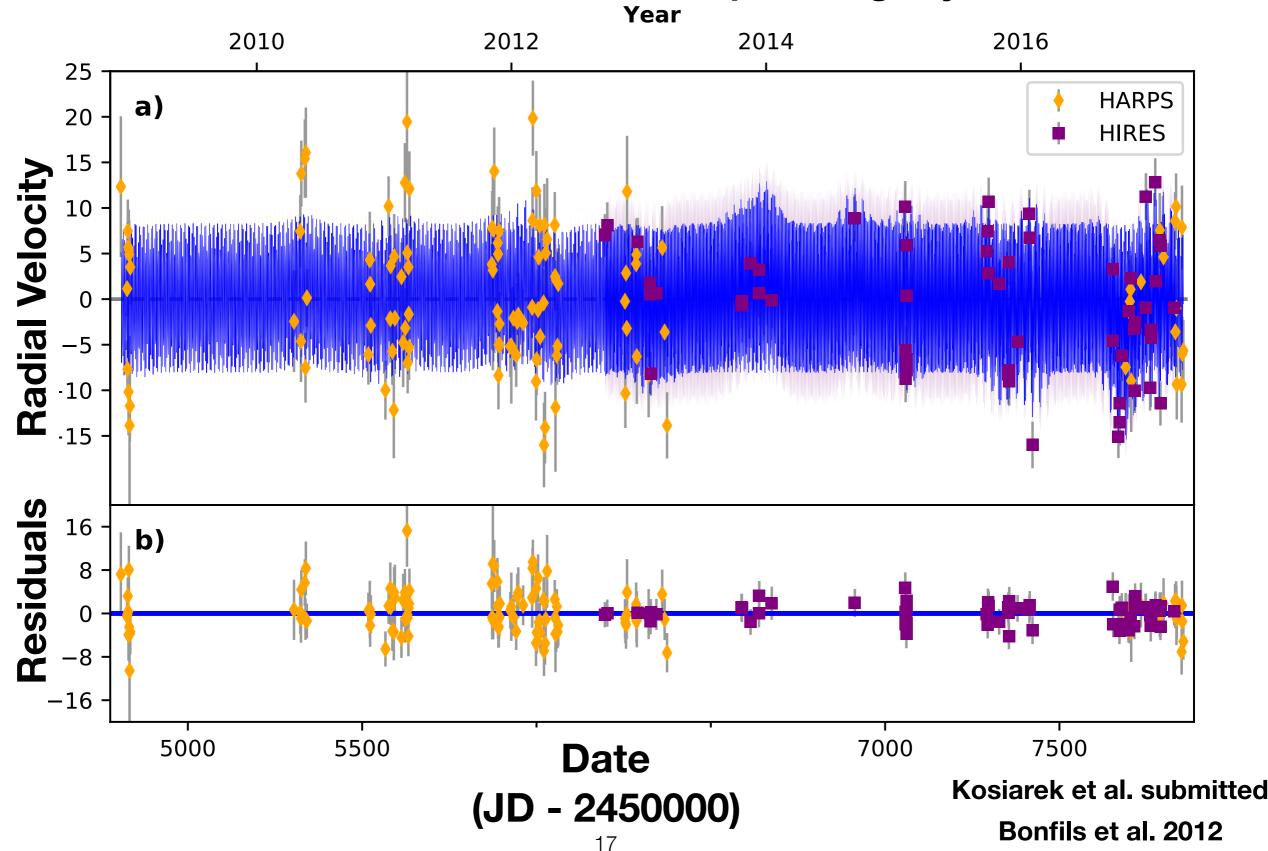
GJ3470: There are stellar activity signals in the RV data.



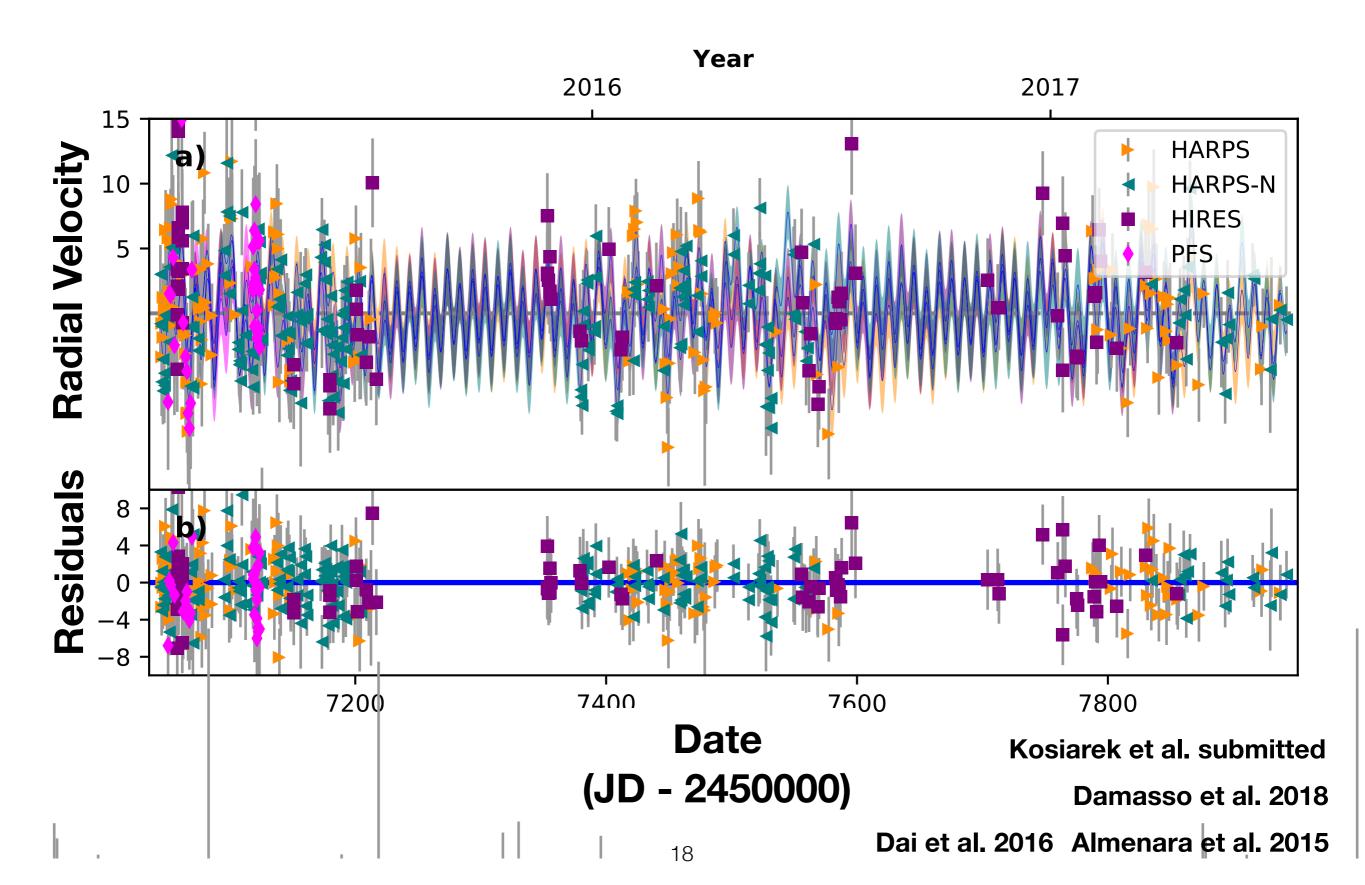
K2-3: There are no clear stellar activity signals in the RV data or the S_{HK} data.



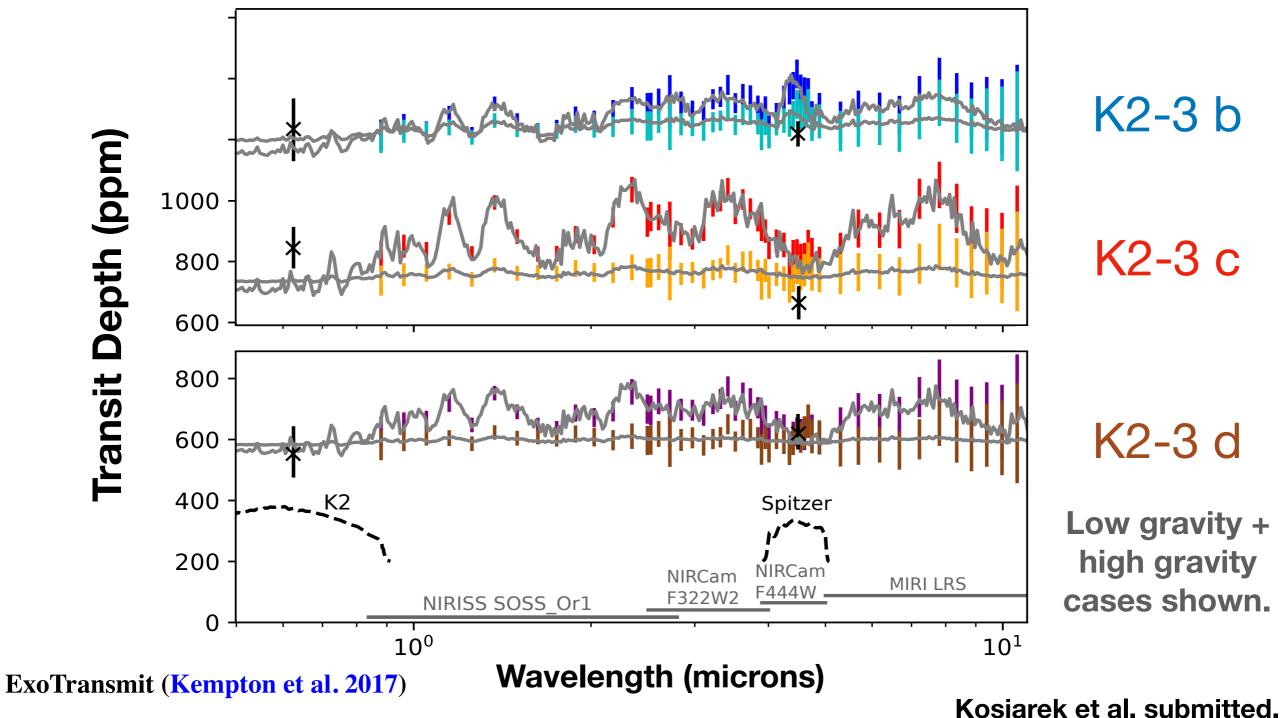
GJ3470: Radial Velocity fit including 57 HIRES and 113 HARPS measurements spanning 8 years.



K2-3: Radial Velocity fit with Gaussian Processes.



K2-3: JWST transmission spectroscopy can determine atmospheric composition.



PandExo (Greene et al. 2016; Batalha et al. 2017b)

Magnetic activity on the stellar surface can induce planet-like signals in RV data.

We modeled our RVs with Gaussian processes trained on photometry

