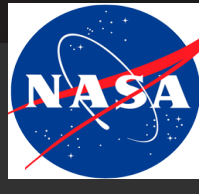


# Exoplanet Climatology

## A Pathway to Accurate Assessments of Planetary Habitability

Aomawa Shields

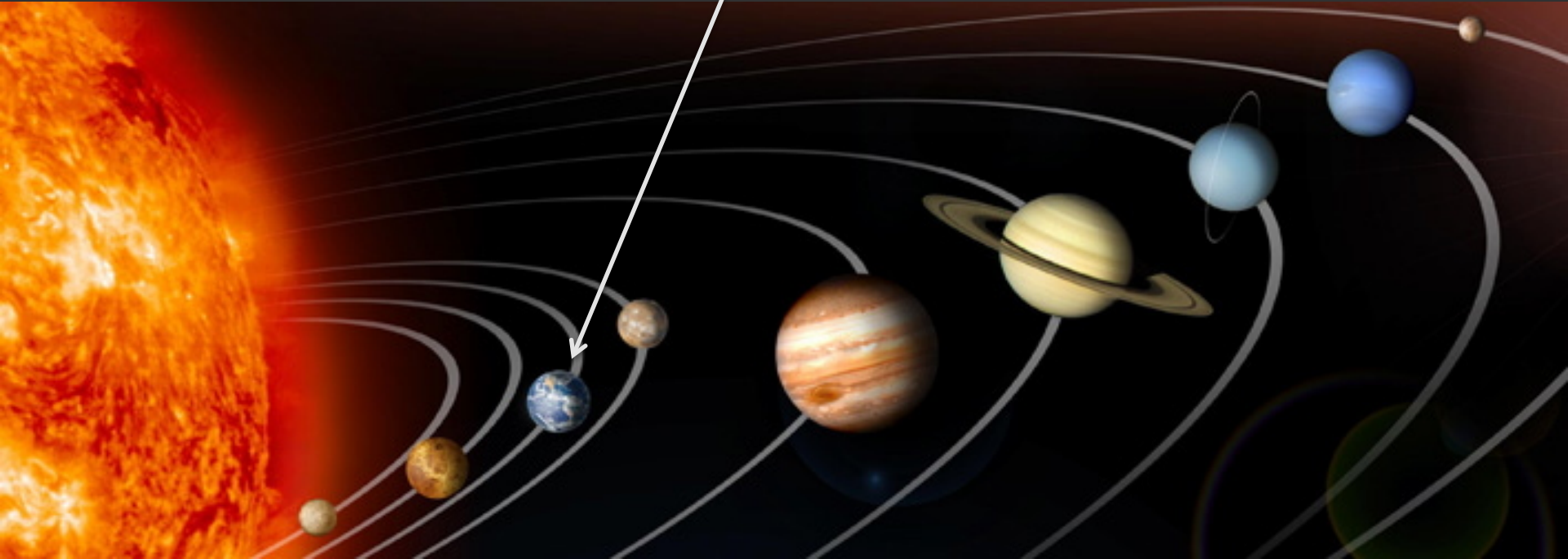
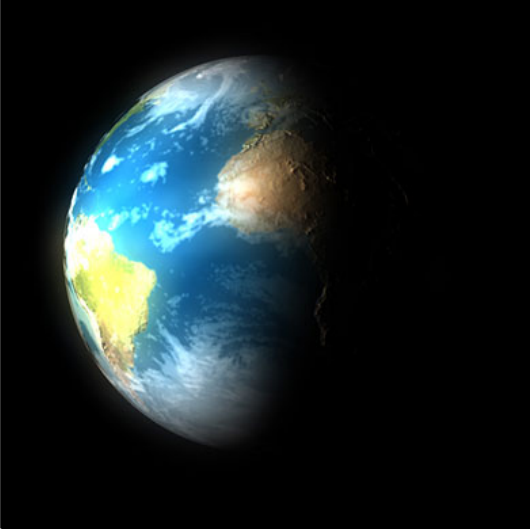
Clare Boothe Luce Assistant Professor  
Department of Physics and Astronomy  
University of California, Irvine

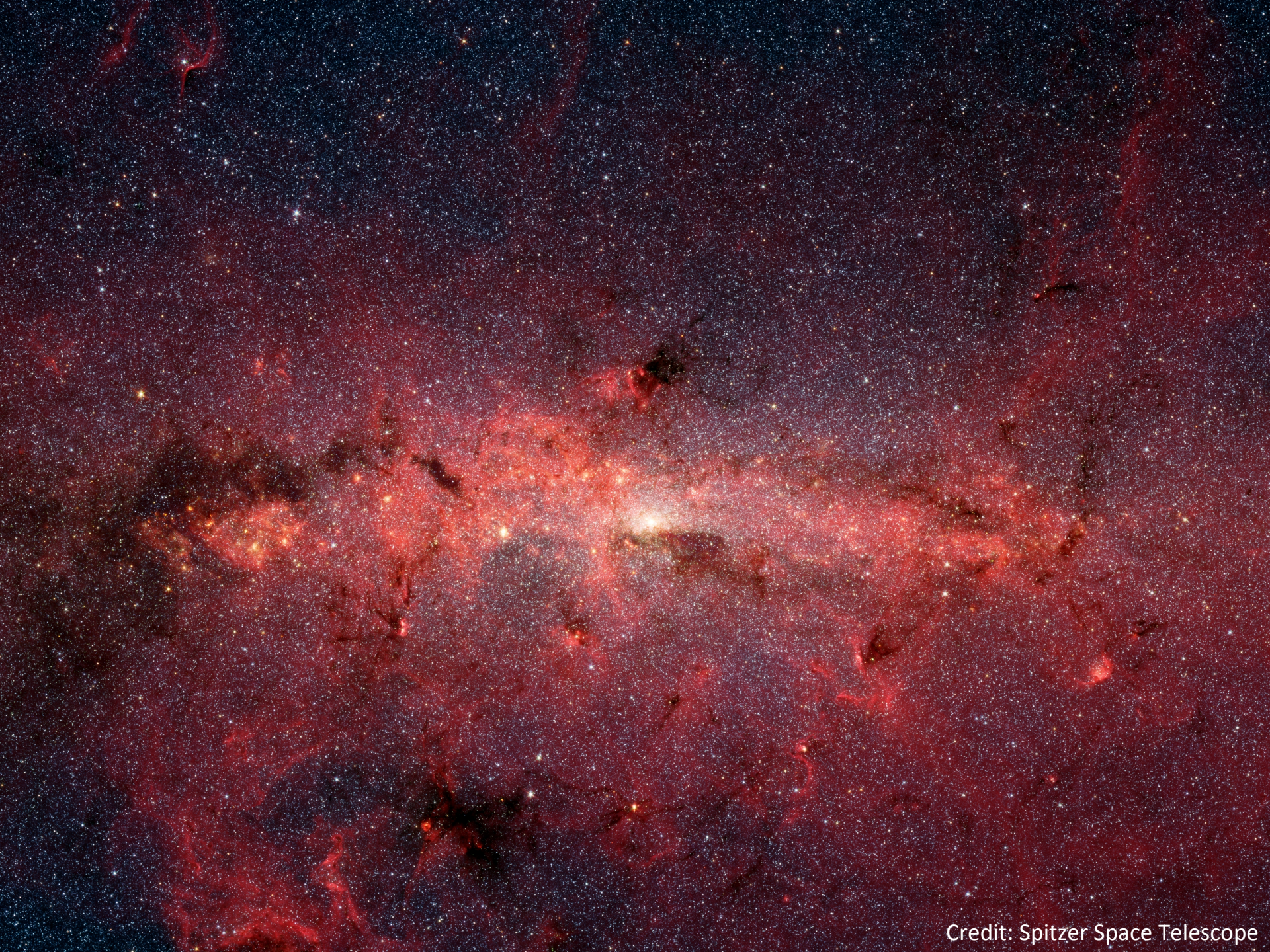


ExoSoCal Meeting  
September 18-19, 2017



Photo credit: NASA





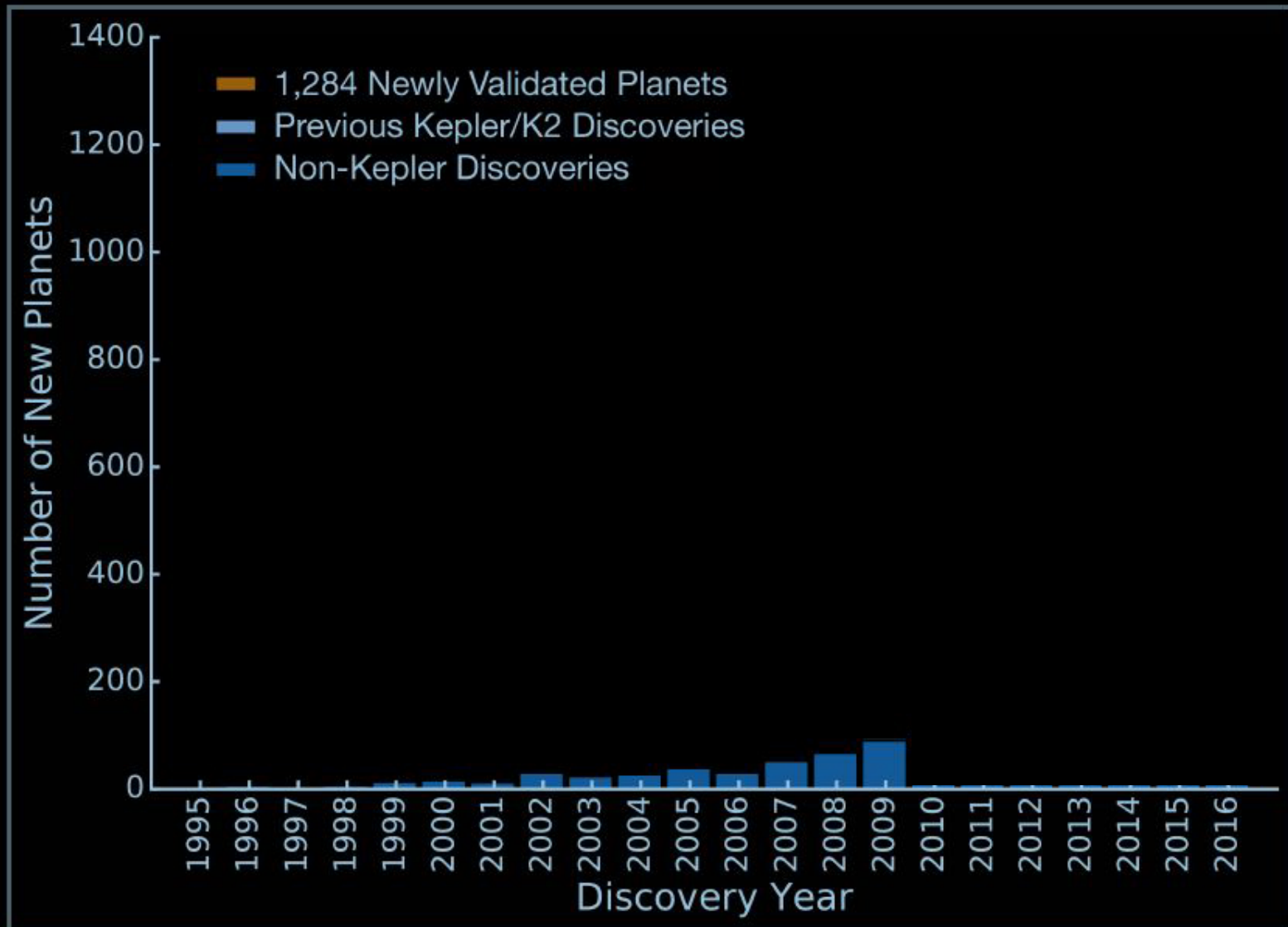
Credit: Spitzer Space Telescope



Credit: NASA, ESA, and S. Beckwith (STScI) and the HUDF Team

# Exoplanet Discoveries Through the Years

*As of May 10, 2016*





Kepler

3510 confirmed planets

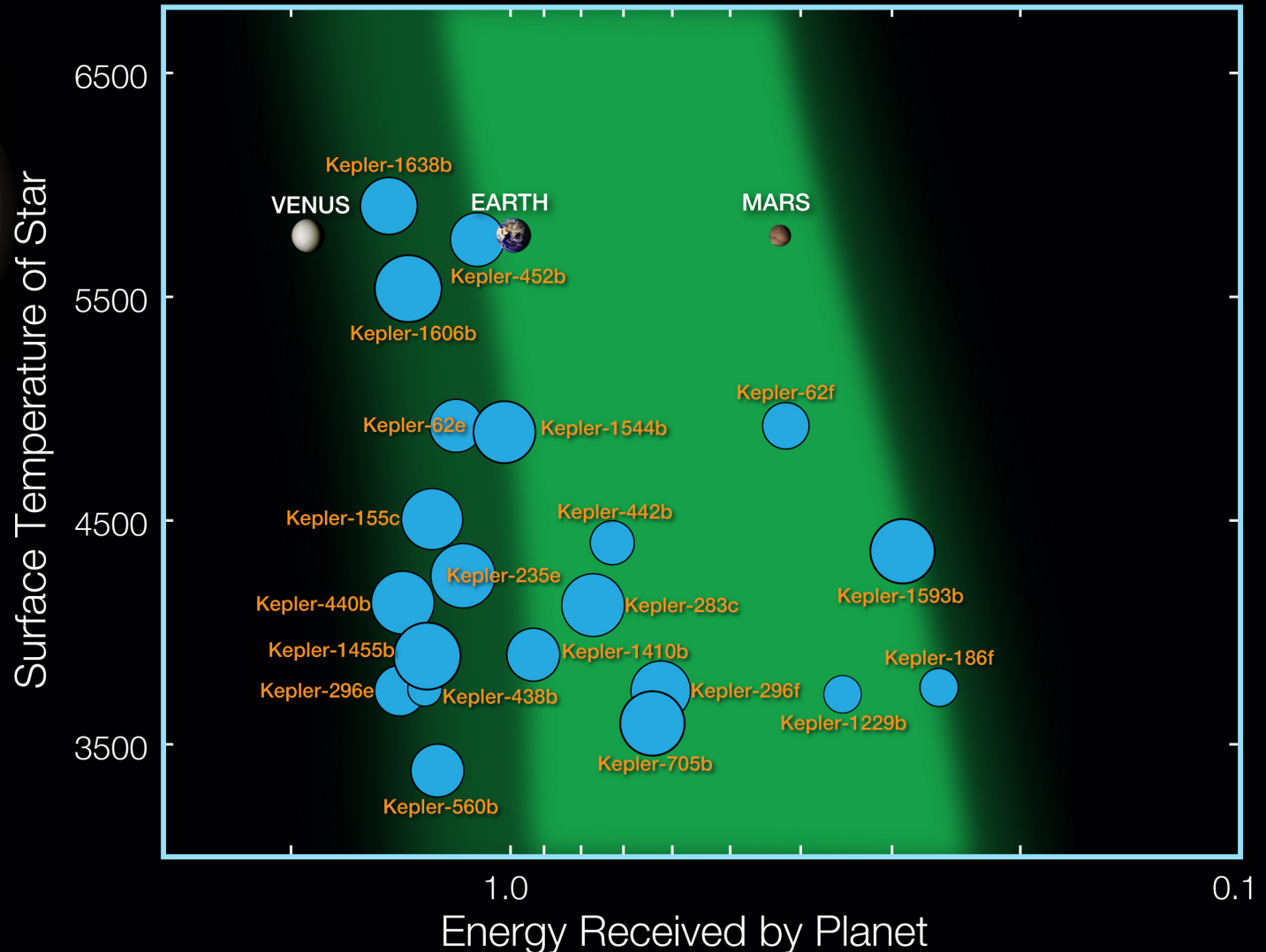
as of 9/15/17, Credit: NASA Exoplanet Archive



Credit: NASA  
Spitzer

# Kepler's Small Habitable Zone Planets

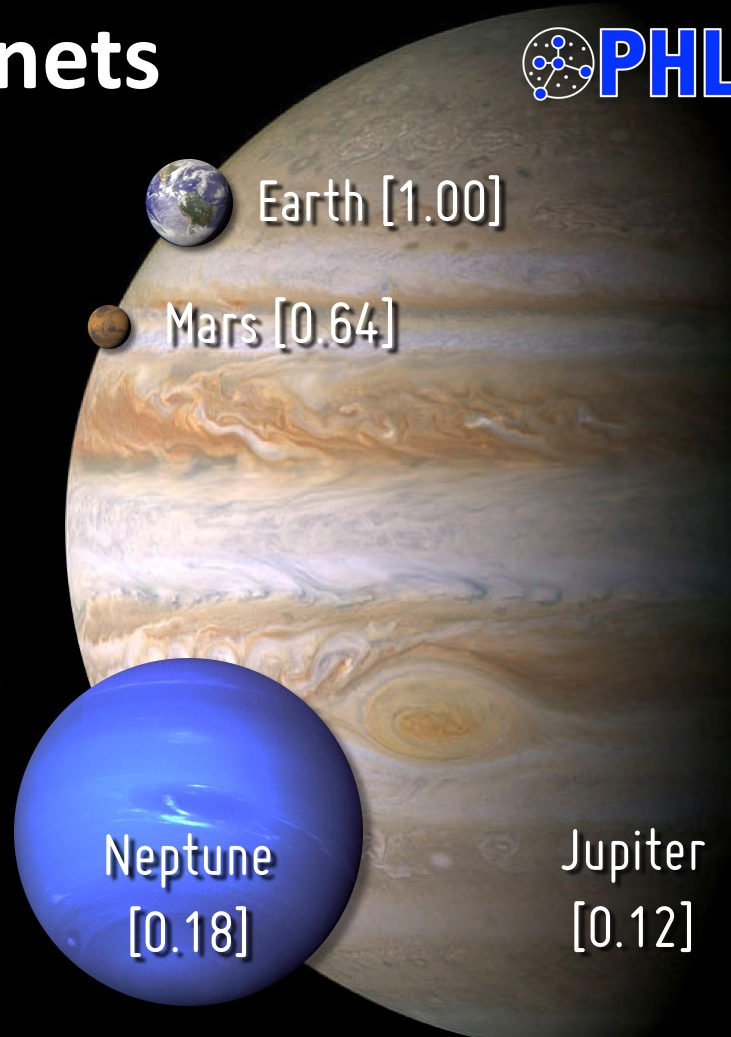
As of May 10, 2016





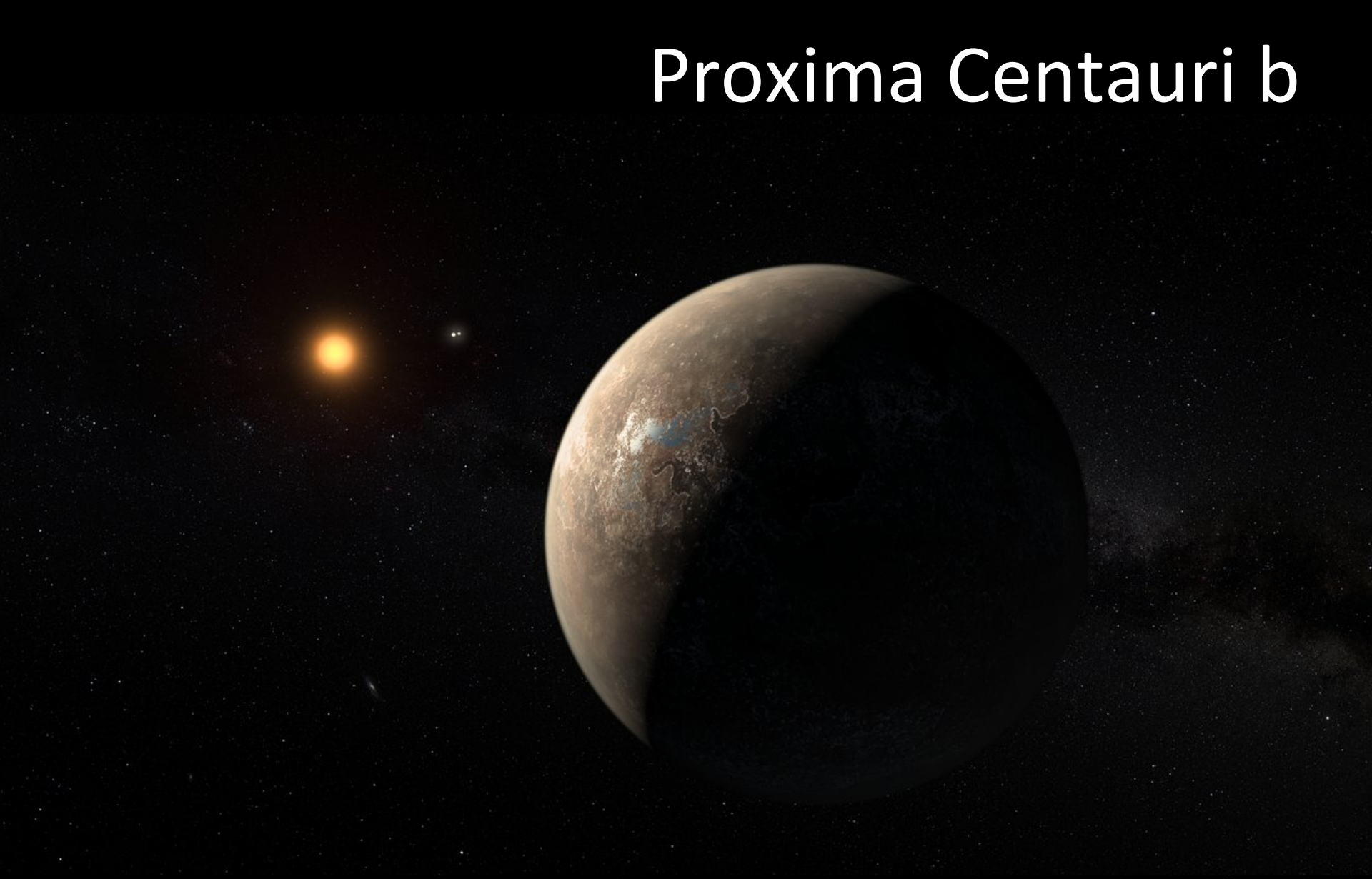
# Potentially Habitable Exoplanets

Ranked by the Earth Similarity Index (ESI)



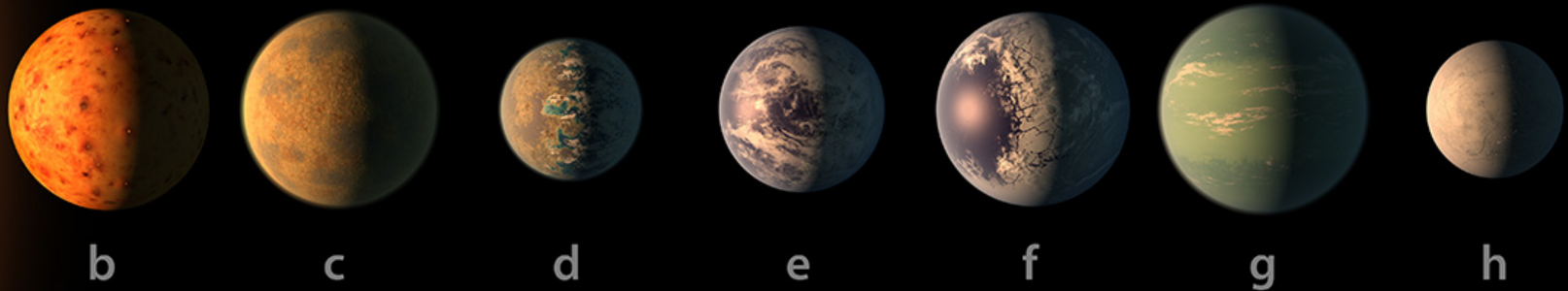
Artistic representations. Earth, Mars, Jupiter, and Neptune for scale. ESI measures similarity to Earth size and insolation. Planet candidates indicated with asterisks. CREDIT: PHL @ UPR Arcibo (phl.upr.edu) May 11, 2017

# Proxima Centauri b



Credit: ESO/M. Kornmesser

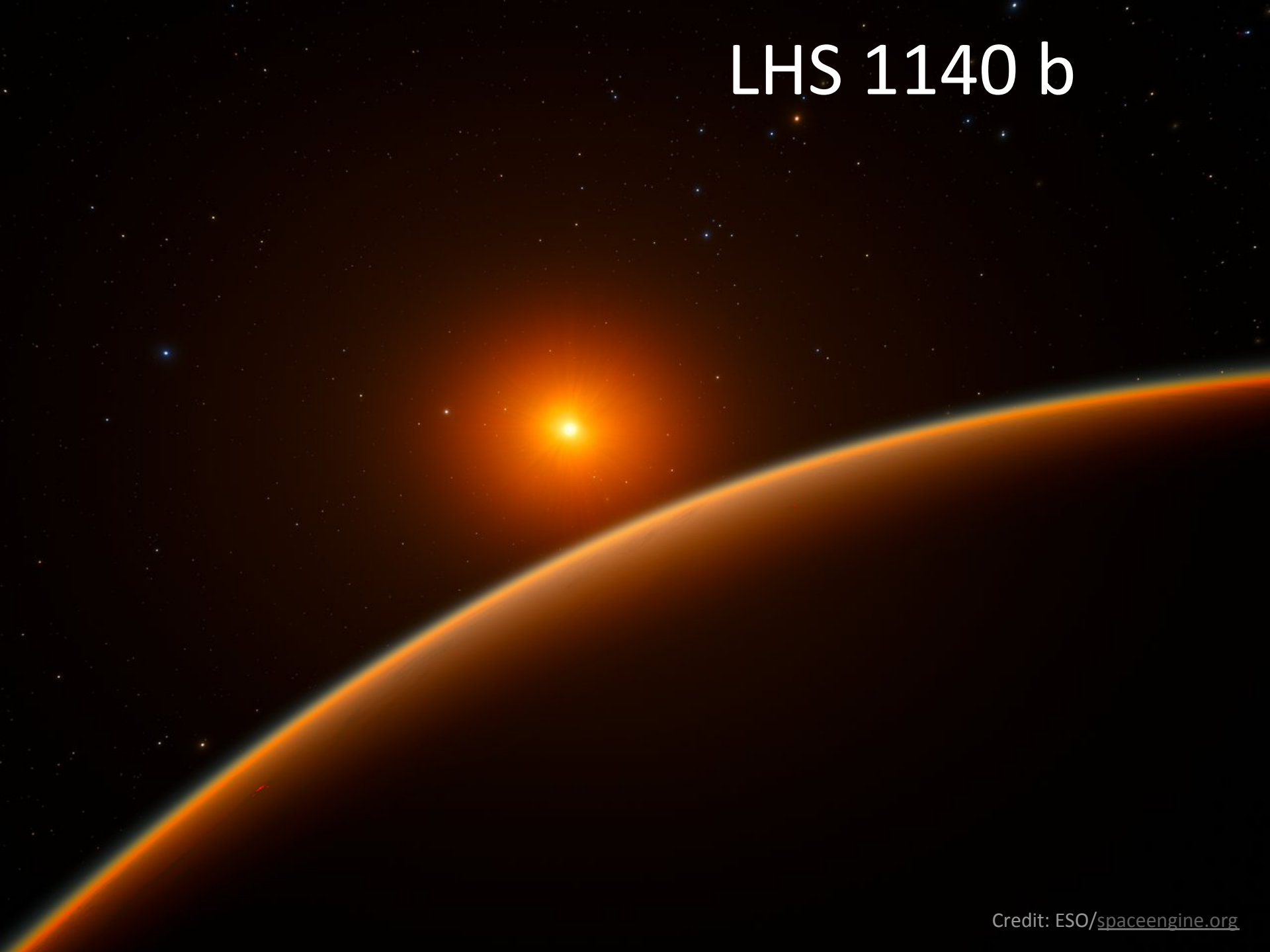
# TRAPPIST-1 System



Illustration

Credit: NASA-JPL/Caltech

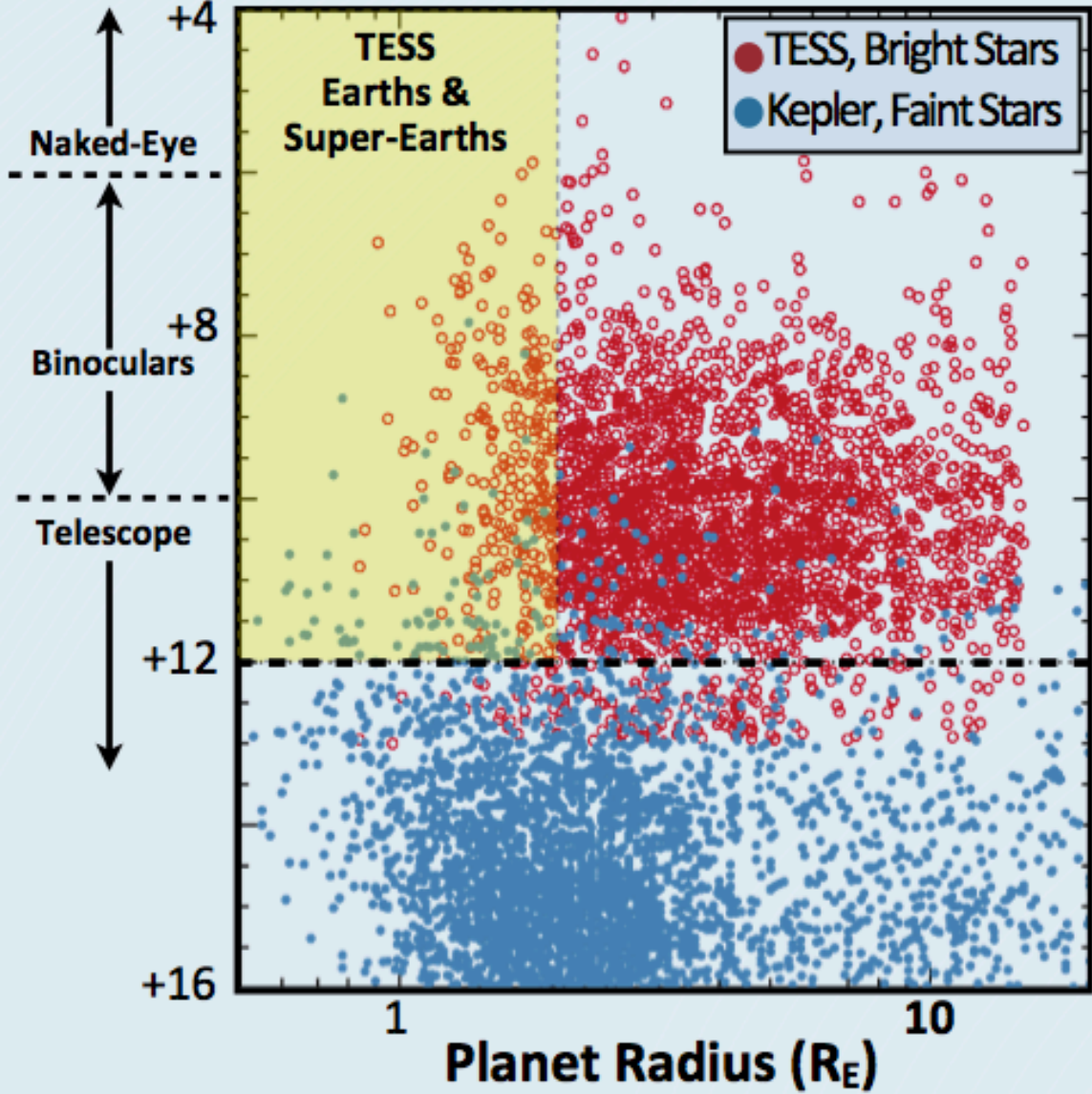
# LHS 1140 b



# Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite (TESS)



Host Star Magnitude



TESS Planets:  
Easier to Followup

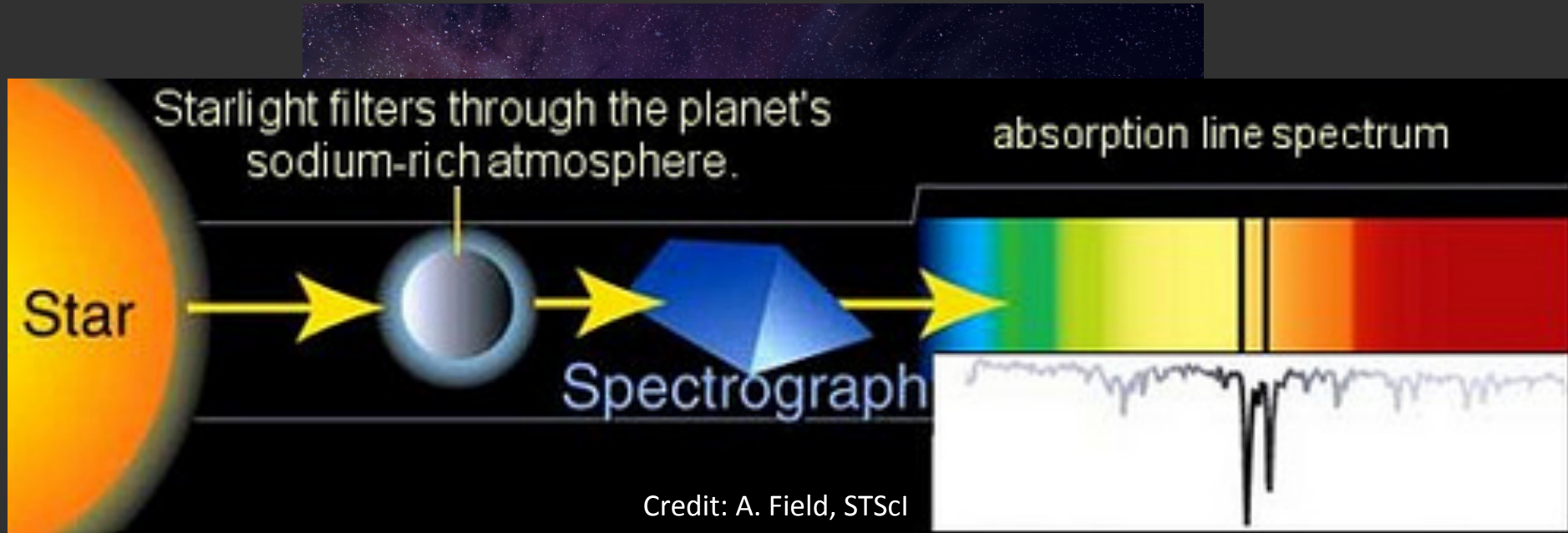


100 x  
Brighter

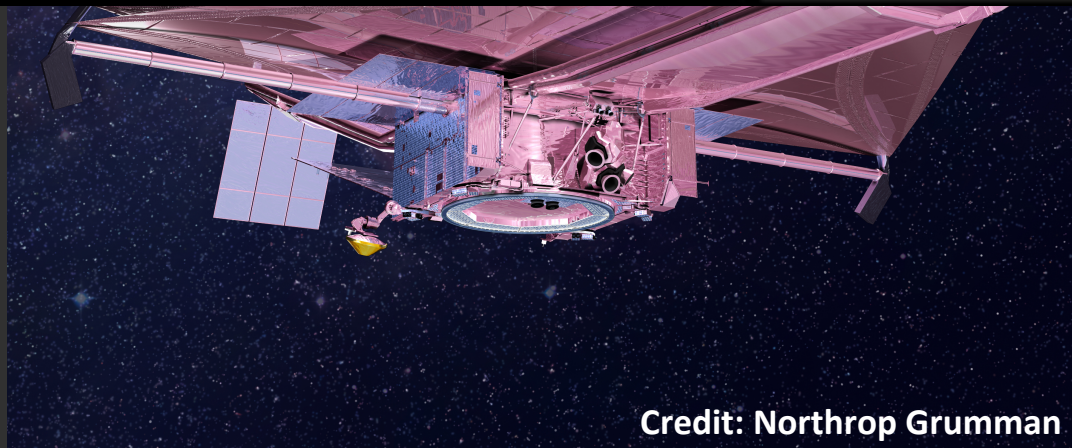
Credit: George Ricker

TESS will identify the best and smallest exoplanet targets for characterization of atmospheres

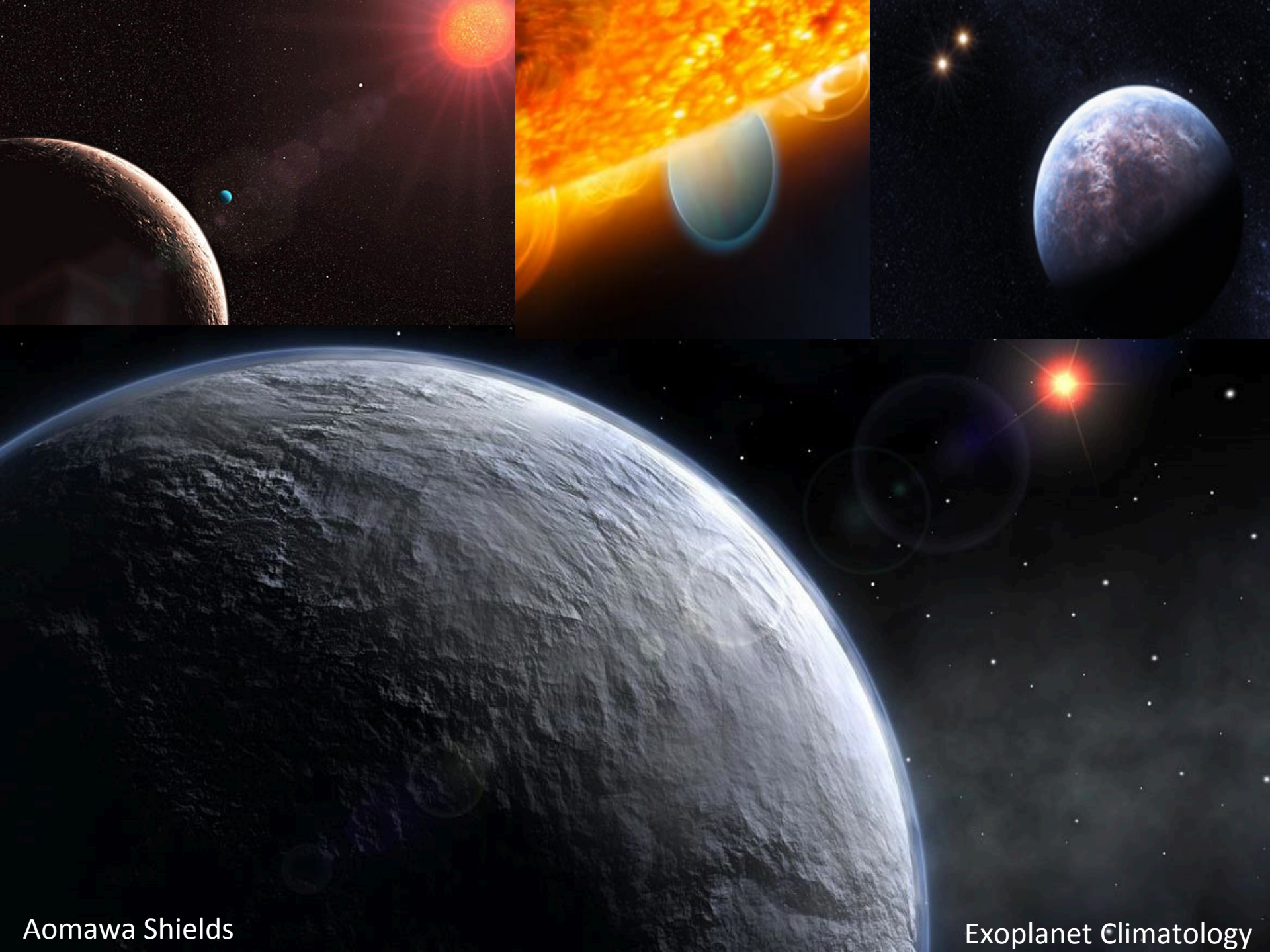
# James Webb Space Telescope



Credit: A. Field, STScI



Credit: Northrop Grumman



Aomawa Shields

Exoplanet Climatology



# New era, new approach

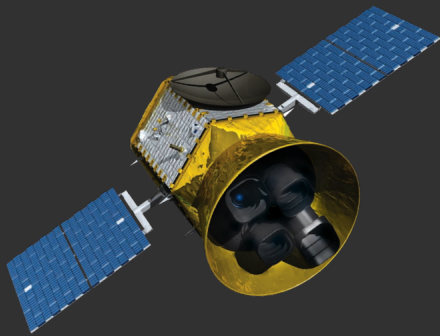
- Observational data AND computer models



NASA



Koshland Science Museum



Aomawa Shields

Exoplanet Climatology

# Collaborators

Eric Agol

Rory Barnes

Cecilia Bitz

Benjamin Charnay

Manoj Joshi

Victoria Meadows

Raymond Pierrehumbert

Tyler Robinson

Sarah Ballard

John Asher Johnson

Eric Wolf

Ravi Kopparapu

Jacob Haaq-Misra

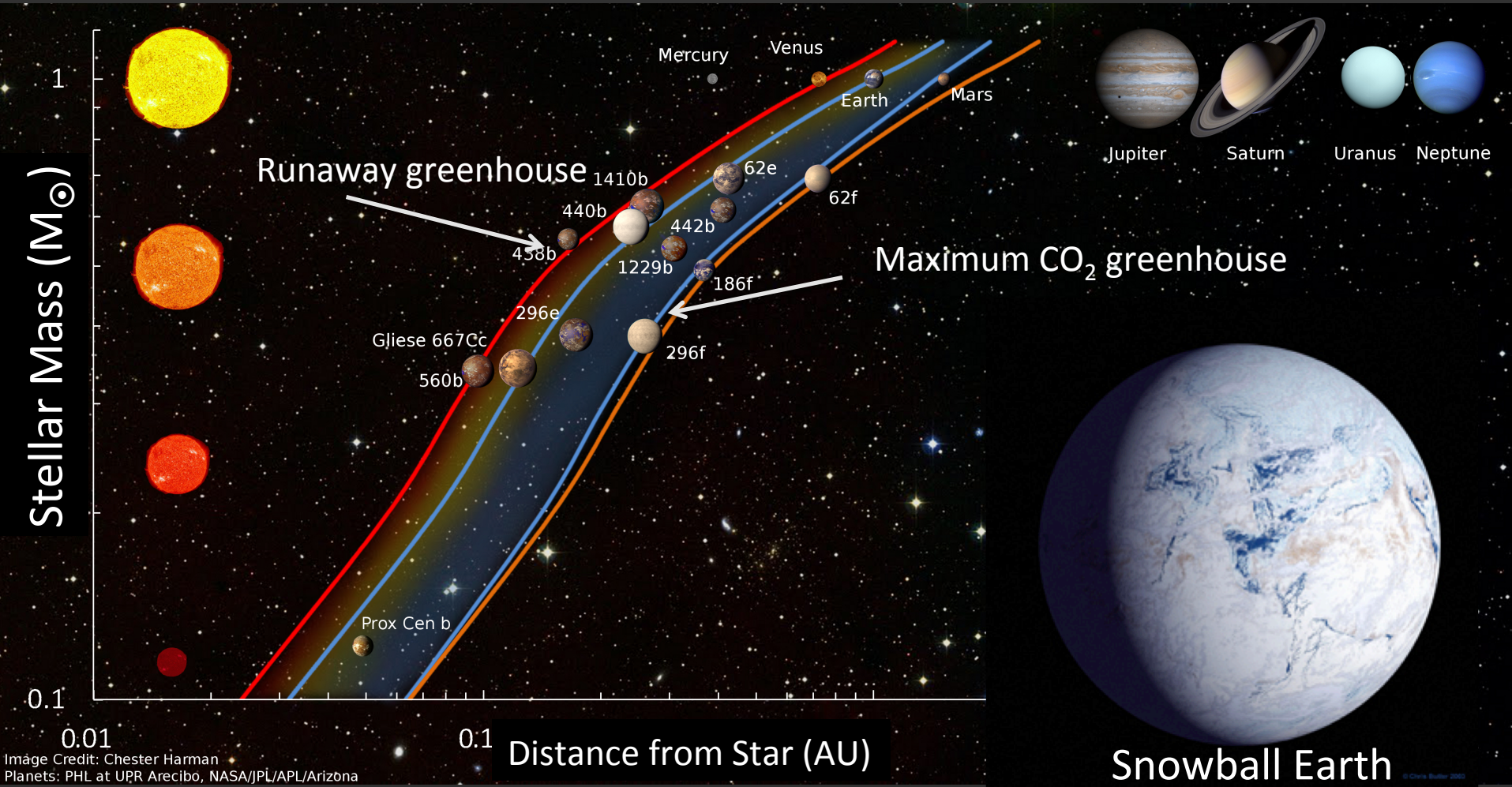
Brian Toon

Brad Hansen

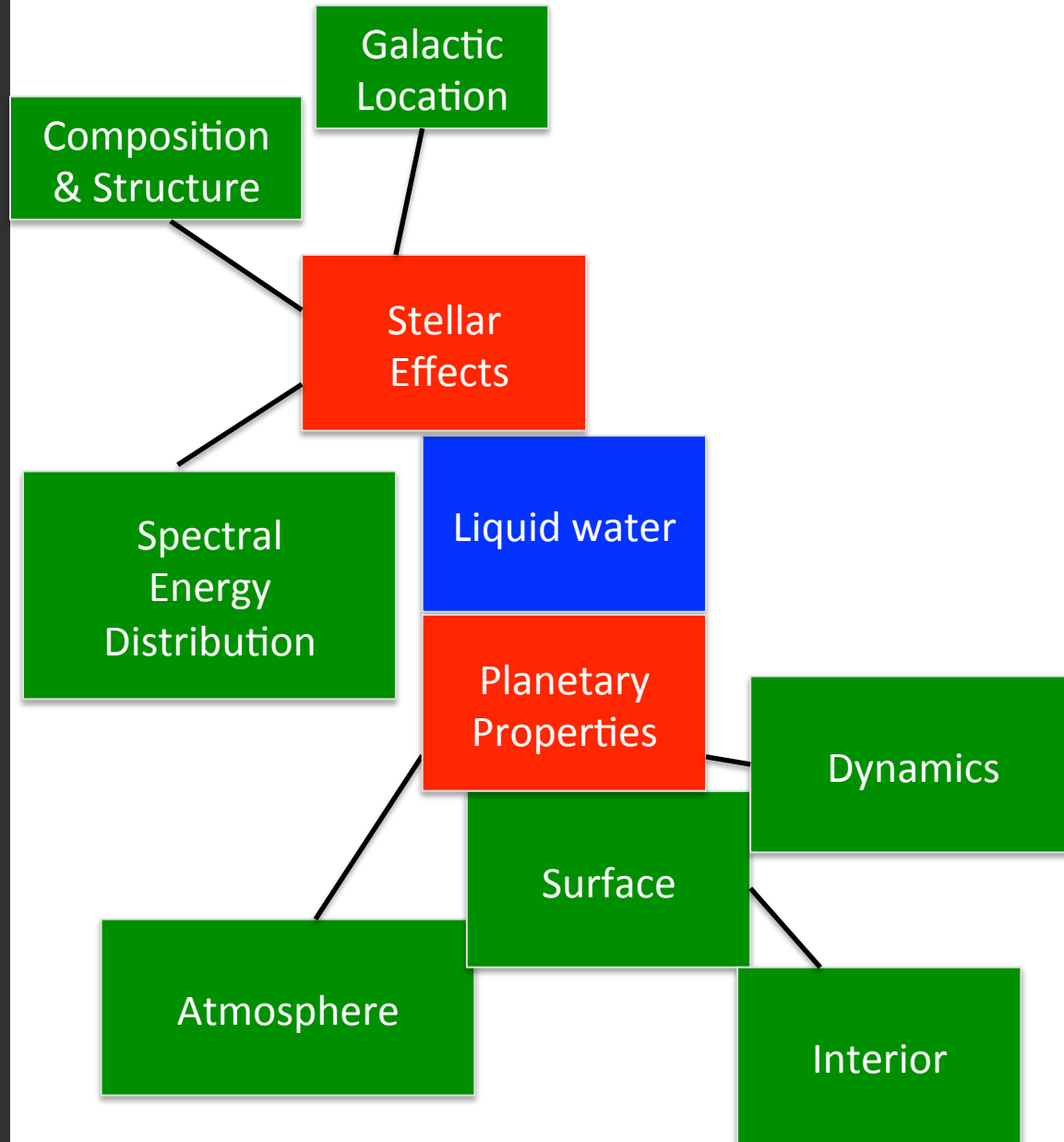
Matt Walker

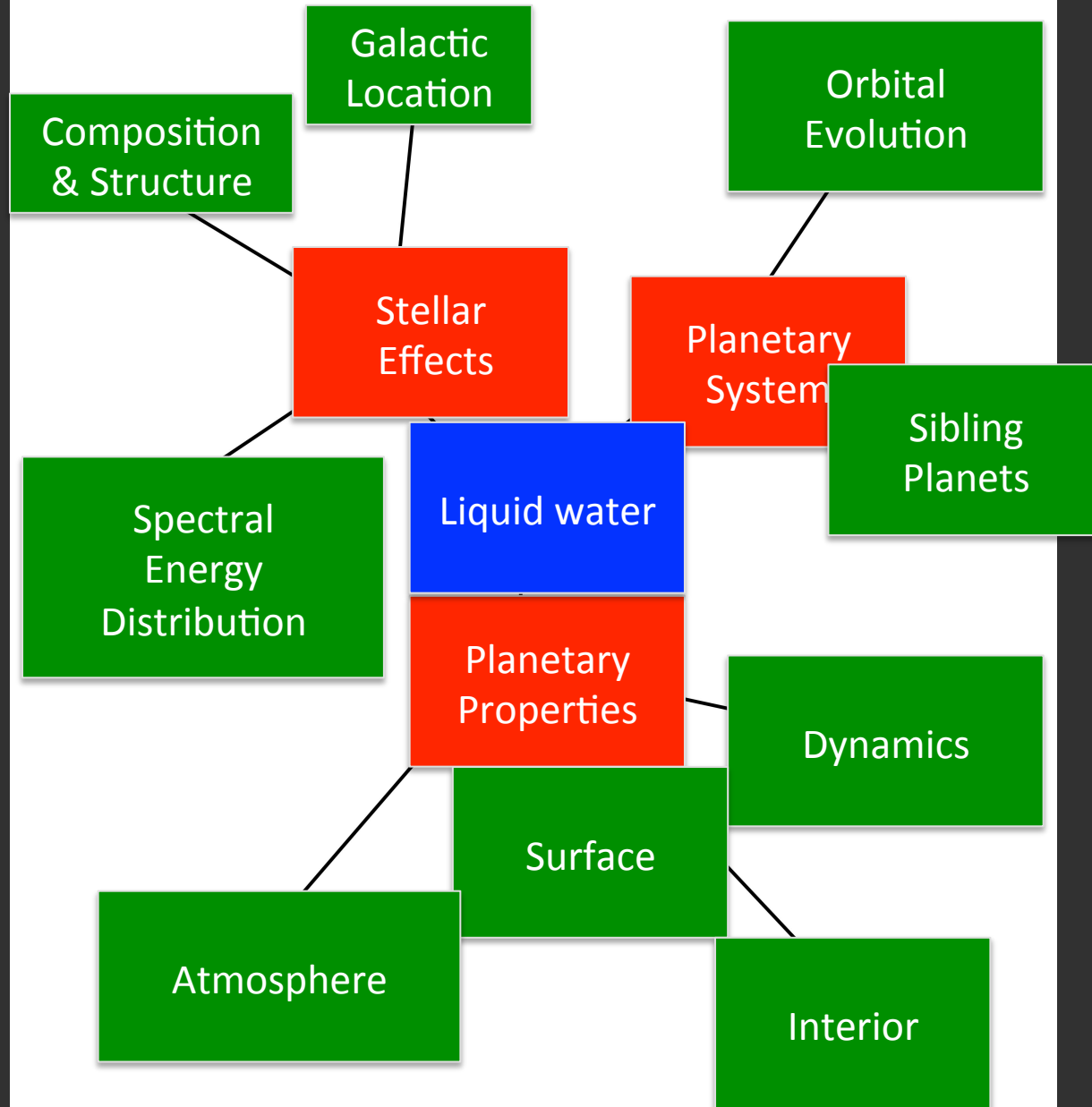
Regina Carns

# The Habitable Zone

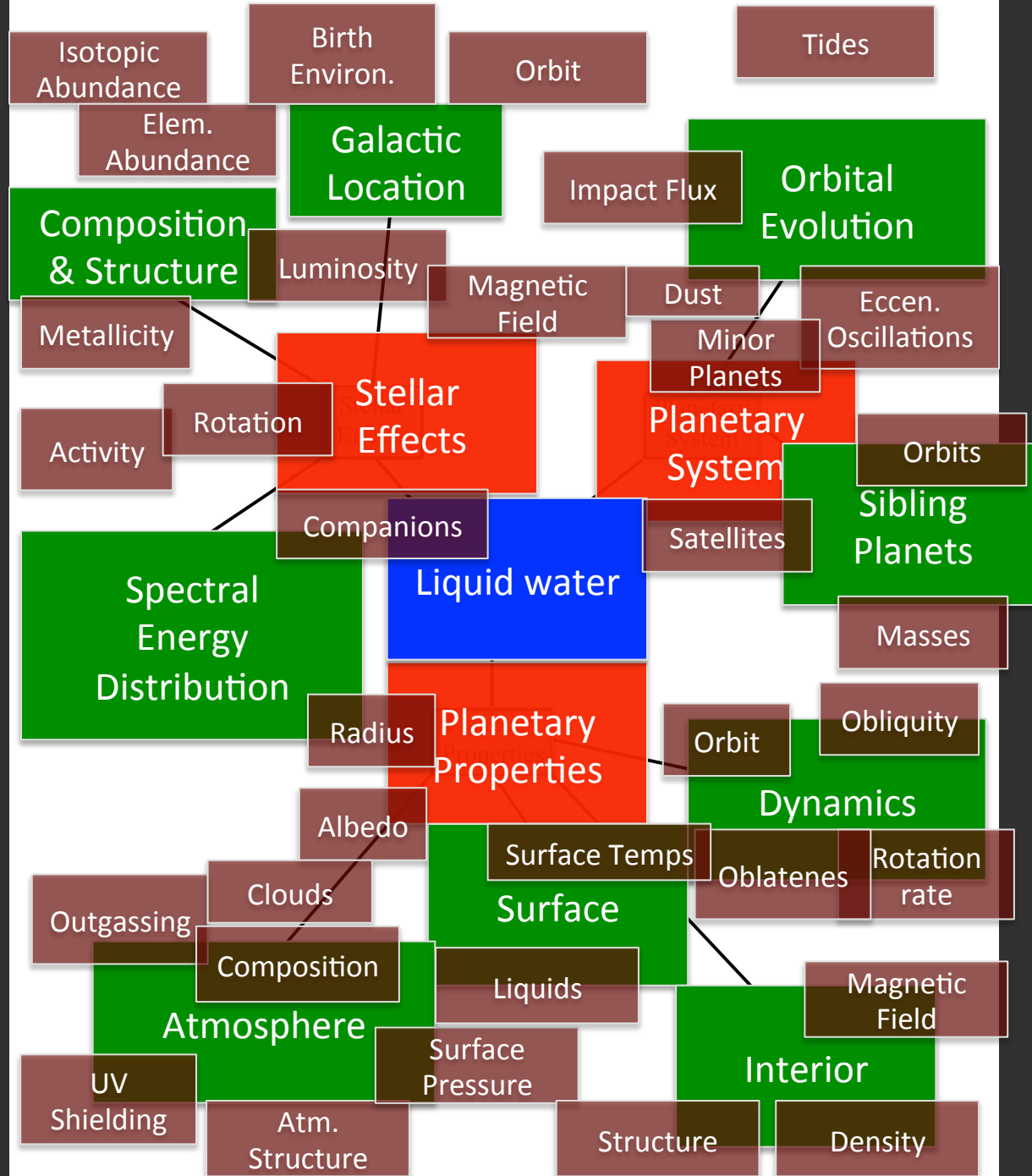


Many factors can affect planetary habitability





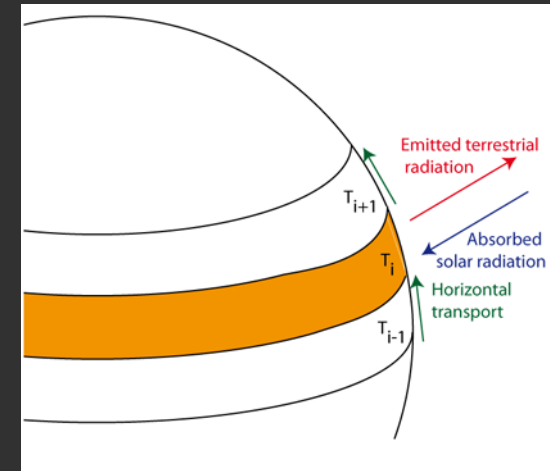
Credit: Victoria Meadows



Credit: Victoria Meadows

# Models

- Spectral Mapping Atmospheric Radiative Transfer model (SMART)
  - 1-D in height
  - Atmospheric gas absorption
- 1-D seasonal Energy Balance Model (EBM)
  - 1-D in latitude
- 3-D General Circulation Model (GCM)
- $N$ -body Models
- Tidal models



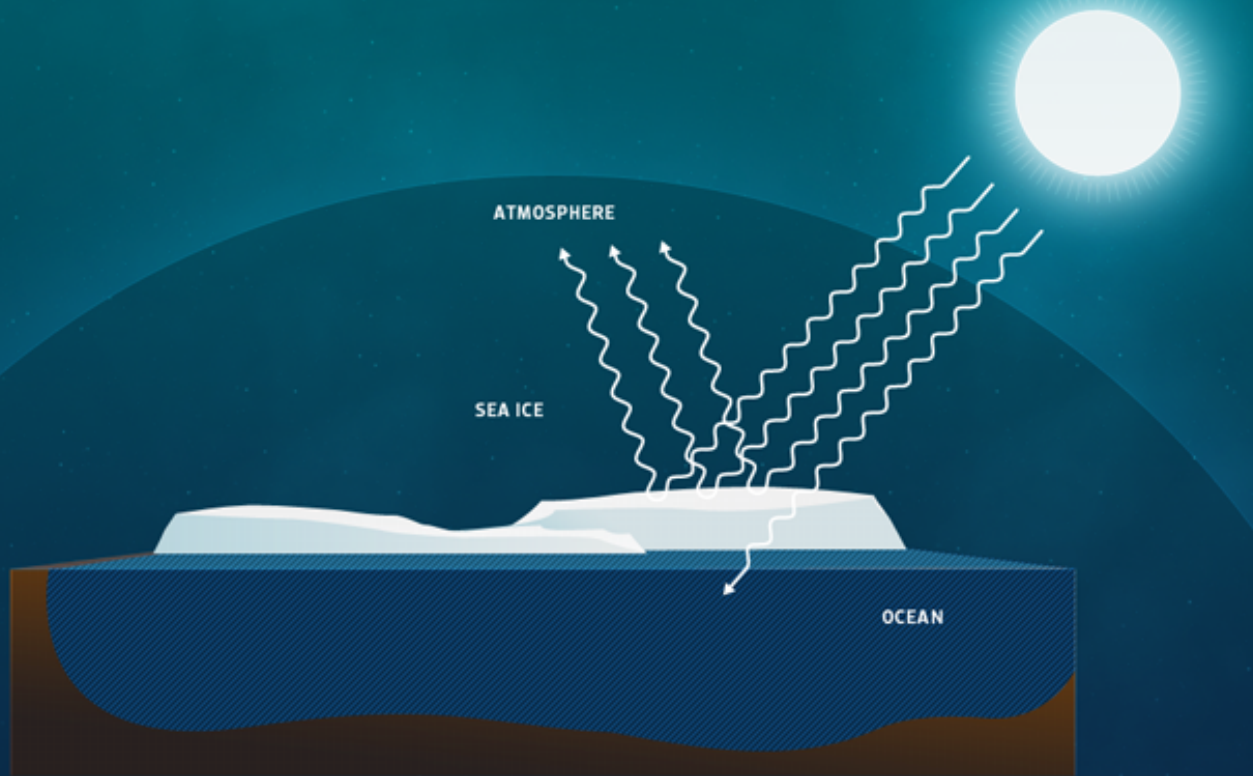
# Stellar Radiation

---





# Ice-albedo Feedback



**KOSHLAND**  
SCIENCE  
MUSEUM

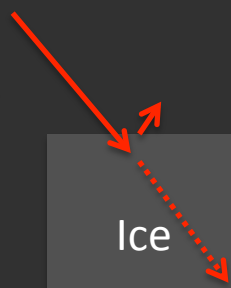
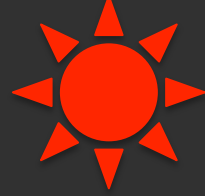
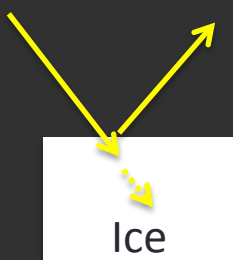
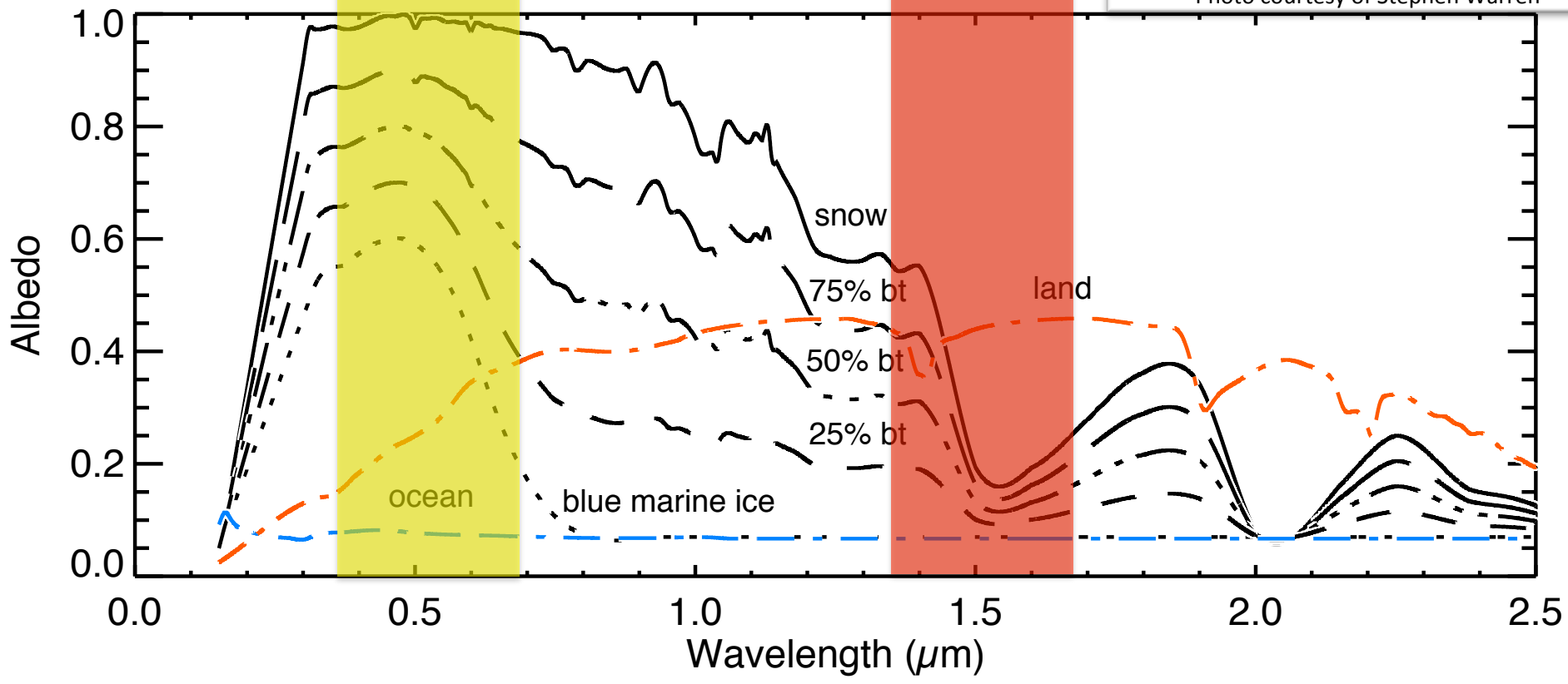
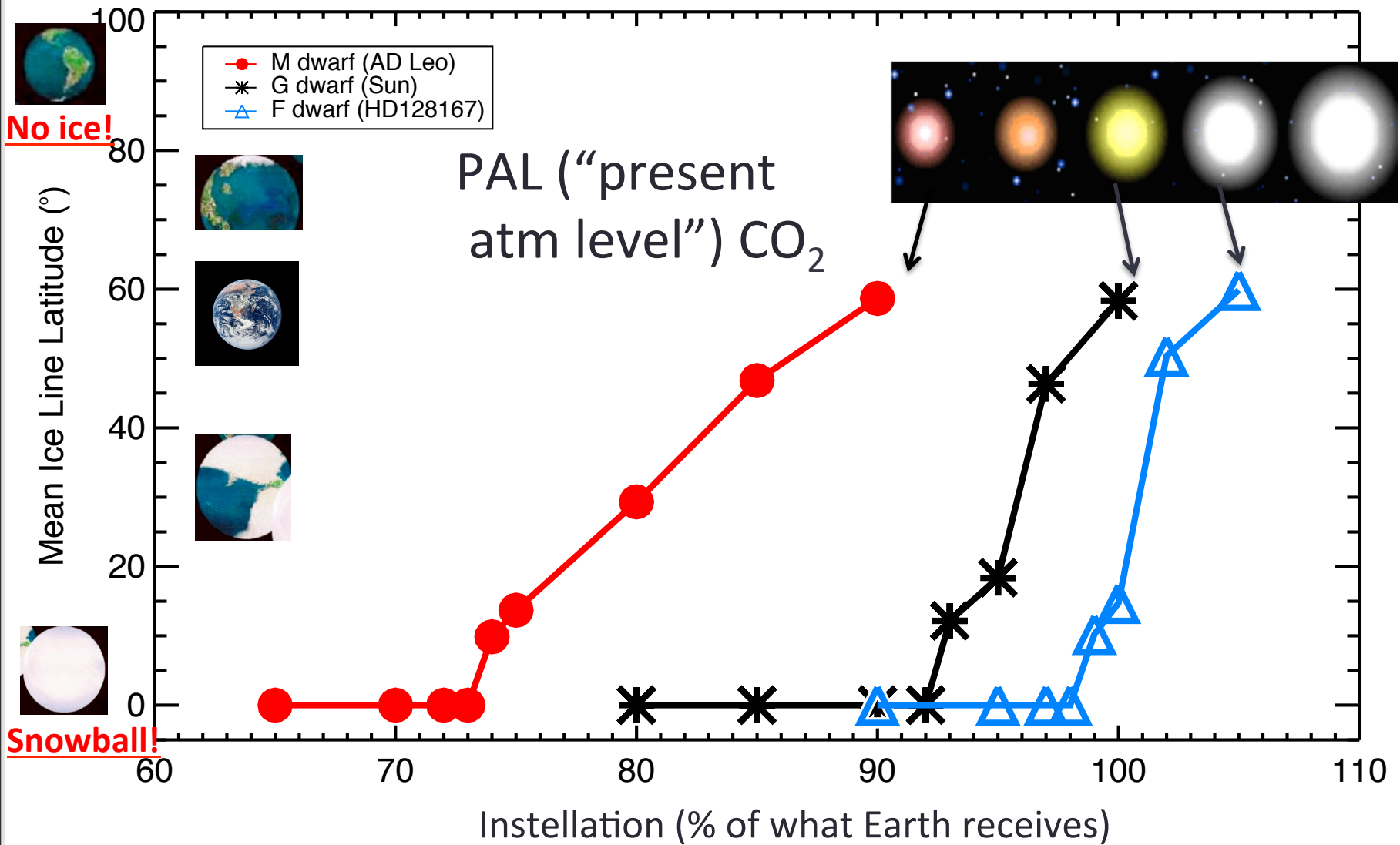


Photo courtesy of Stephen Warren



Ice absorbs where M-dwarfs emit strongly

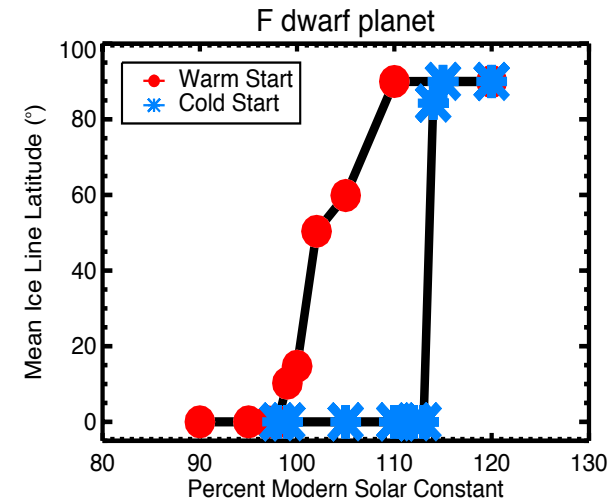
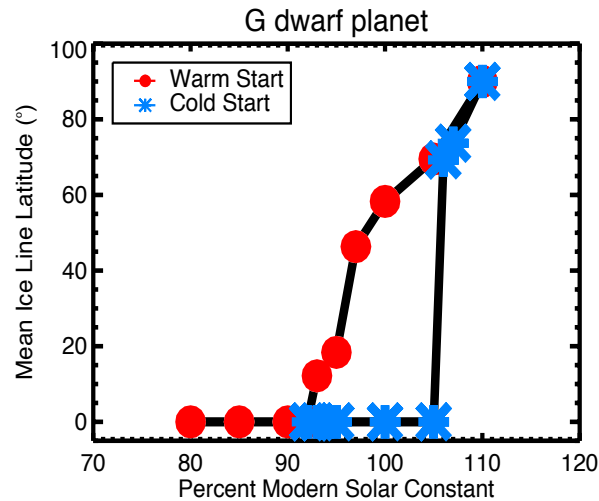
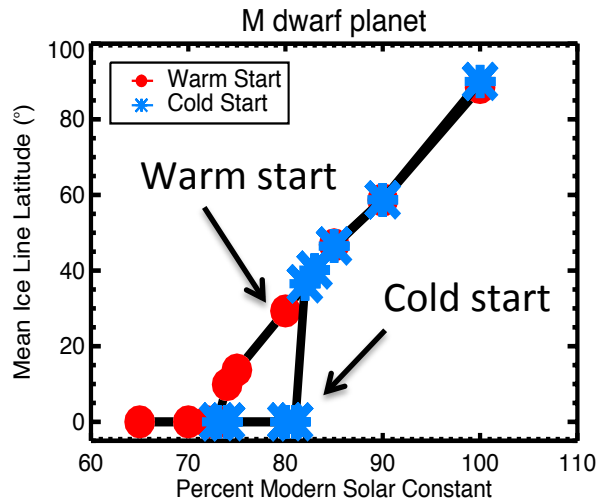
Shields et al. (2013)  
Warren et al. (2002)  
Grenfell et al. (1994)



M-dwarf planets less susceptible to snowball Shields et al. (2013)  
 F-dwarf planets more susceptible to snowball

# Climate Stability

Shields et al. (2014)



Shorter jump in ice line



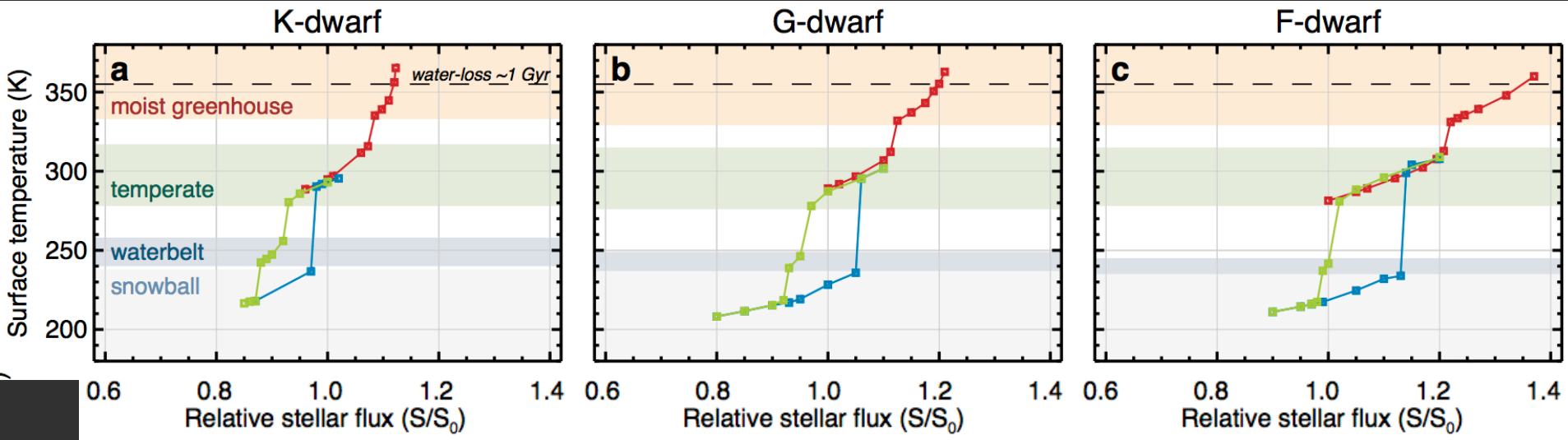
Higher jump in ice line



Better for life?

M-dwarf planets have more stable climates

# Identifying Multiple Possible Climate Regimes



Wolf, Shields+ 2017

# M-dwarf Planet Habitability



Physics Reports

Volume 663, 5 December 2016, Pages 1–38



## The habitability of planets orbiting M-dwarf stars

Aomawa L. Shields<sup>a, b, d</sup>, , , , Sarah Ballard<sup>c</sup>, , John Asher Johnson<sup>d</sup>, 

 [Show more](#)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physrep.2016.10.003>

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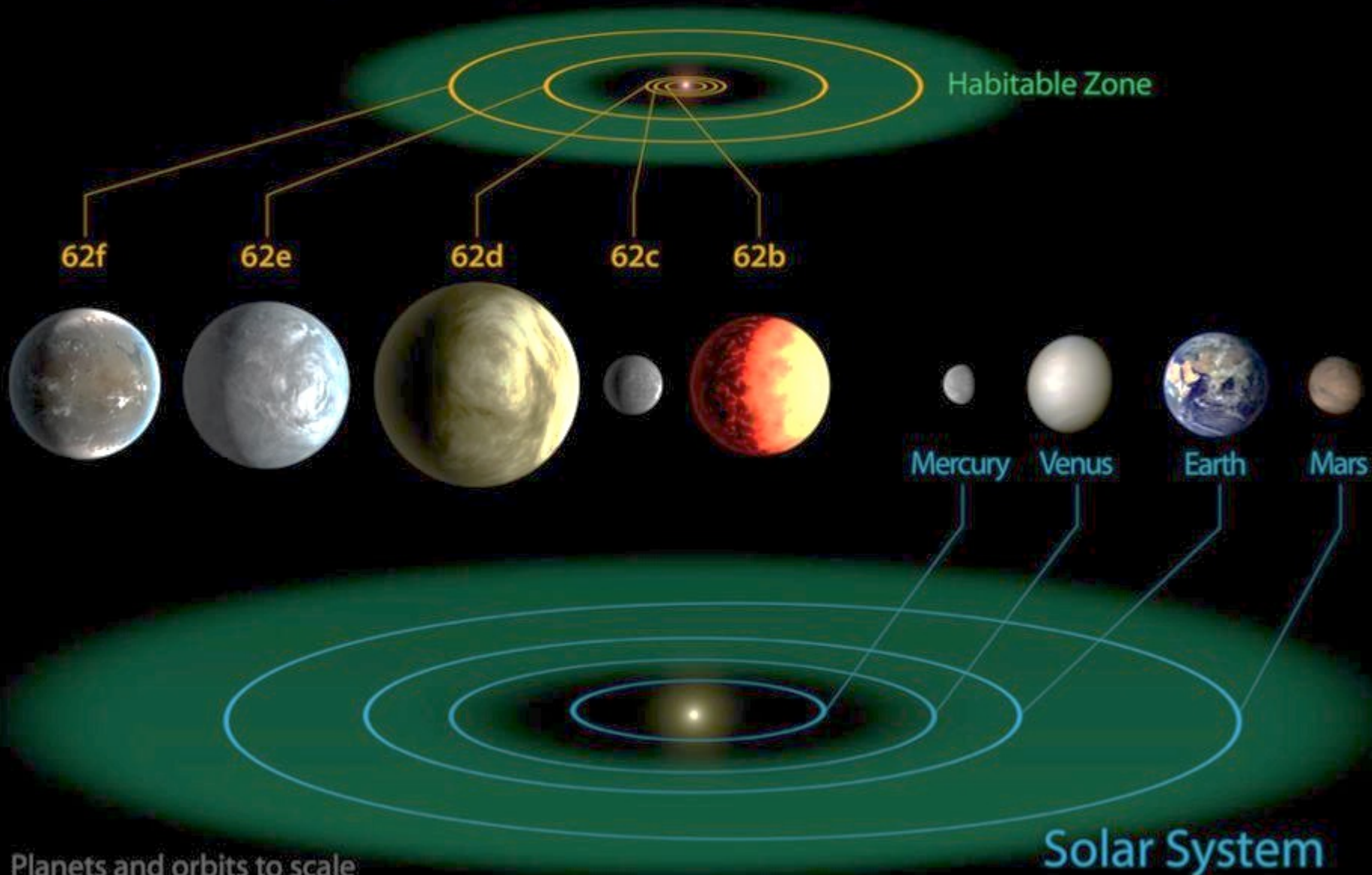


# Multiple-planet systems

First place to look for a habitable, Earth-like planet?



# Kepler-62 System



Planets and orbits to scale  
Aomawa Shields

Solar System  
Exoplanet Climatology



# Kepler-62f

Needs CO<sub>2</sub>

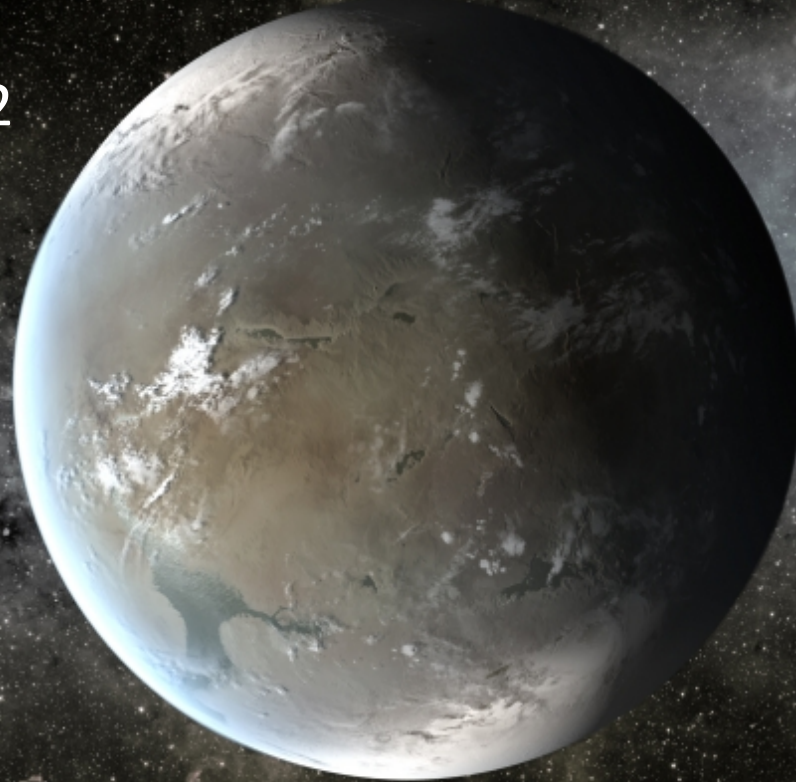
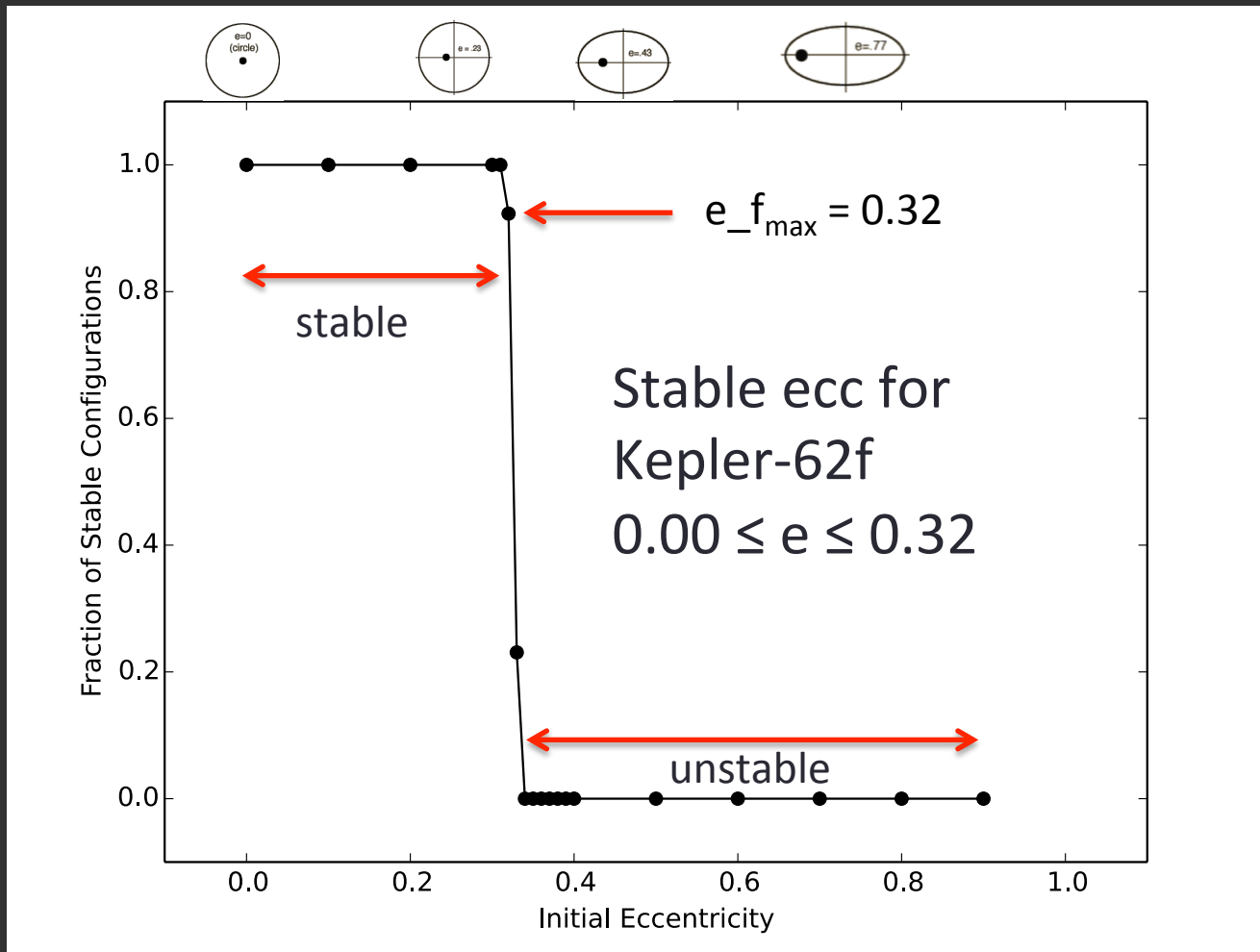


Image credit: NASA Ames/JPL-Caltech

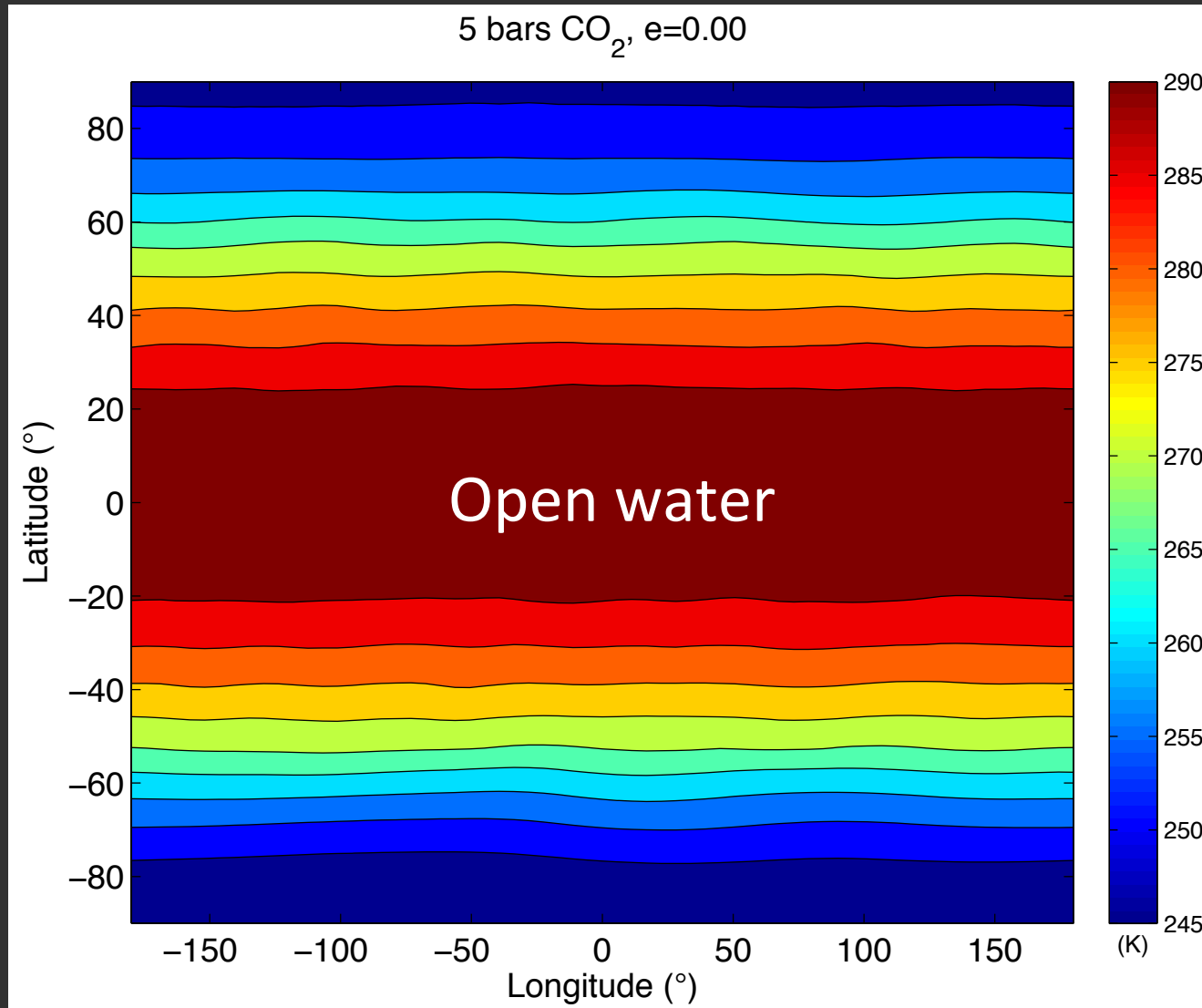
# Stable eccentricities



Shields et al. (2016)

Exoplanet Climatology

# Surface Temperature



5 bars  
CO<sub>2</sub>

Obl =  
23.5°

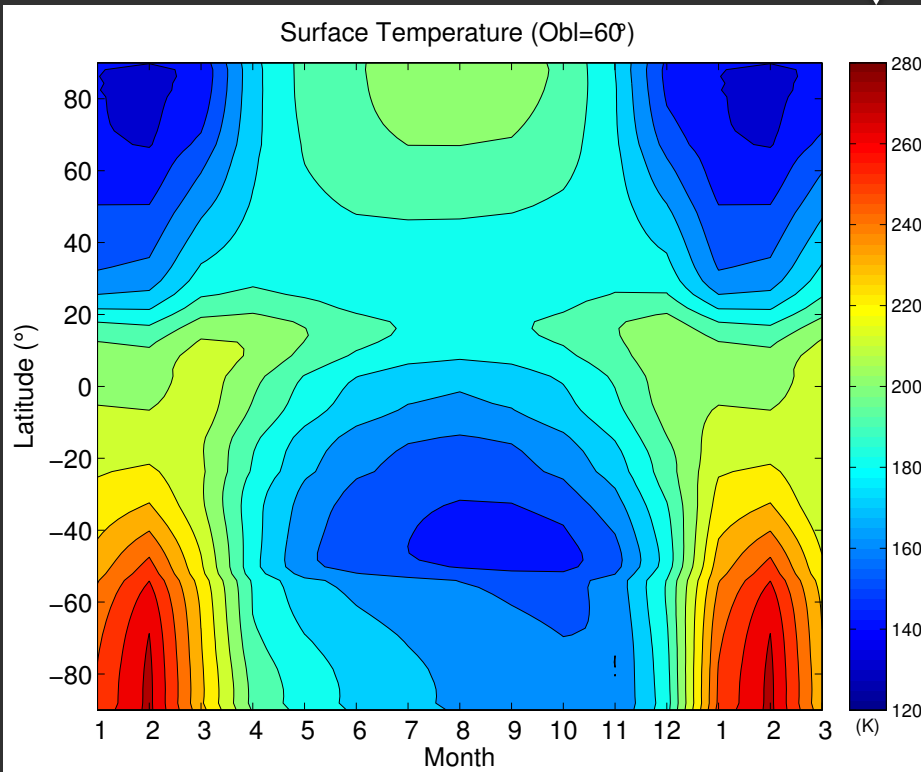
Ecc = 0

Global mean surface T ~ 282 K

# Surface Temperature

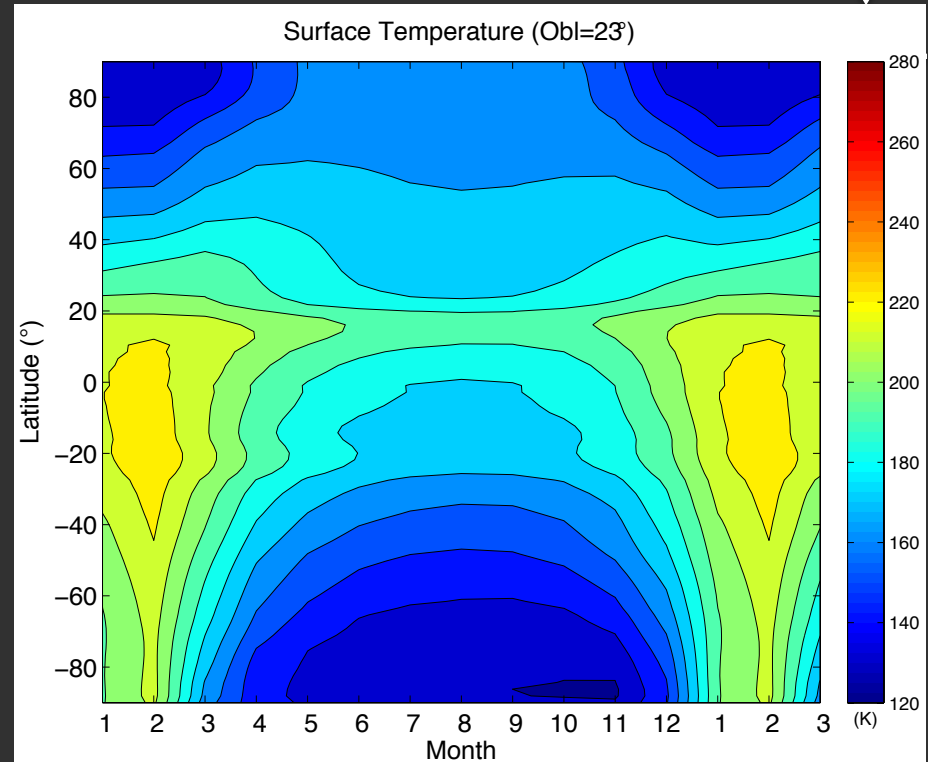
Obliquity =  $60^\circ$

freezing  
point  
↓



Obliquity =  $23^\circ$

freezing  
point  
↓

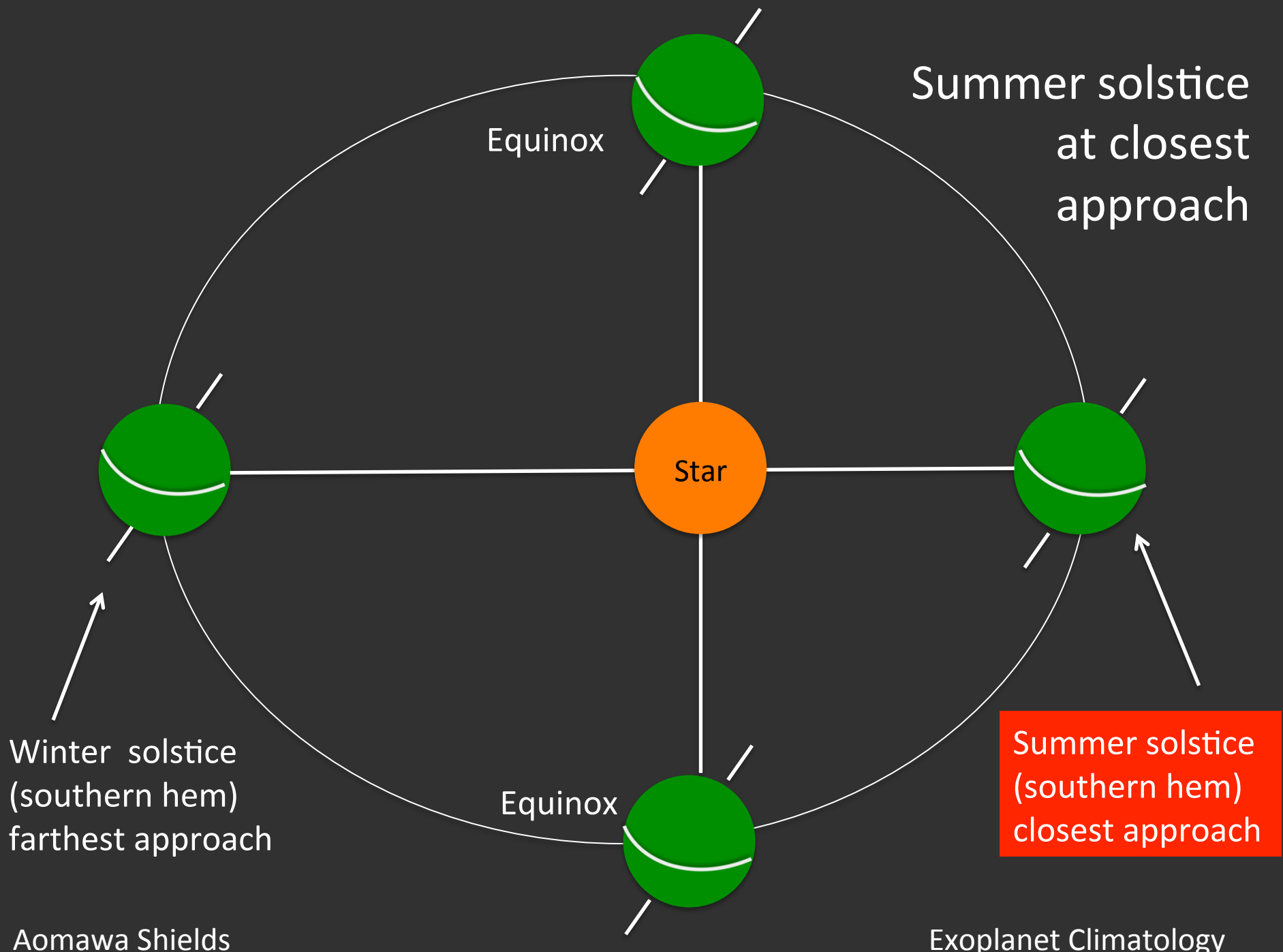


Shields et al. (2016)



Southern hemisphere summer





Summer solstice  
at closest  
approach

Equinox

Star

Winter solstice  
(southern hem)  
farthest approach

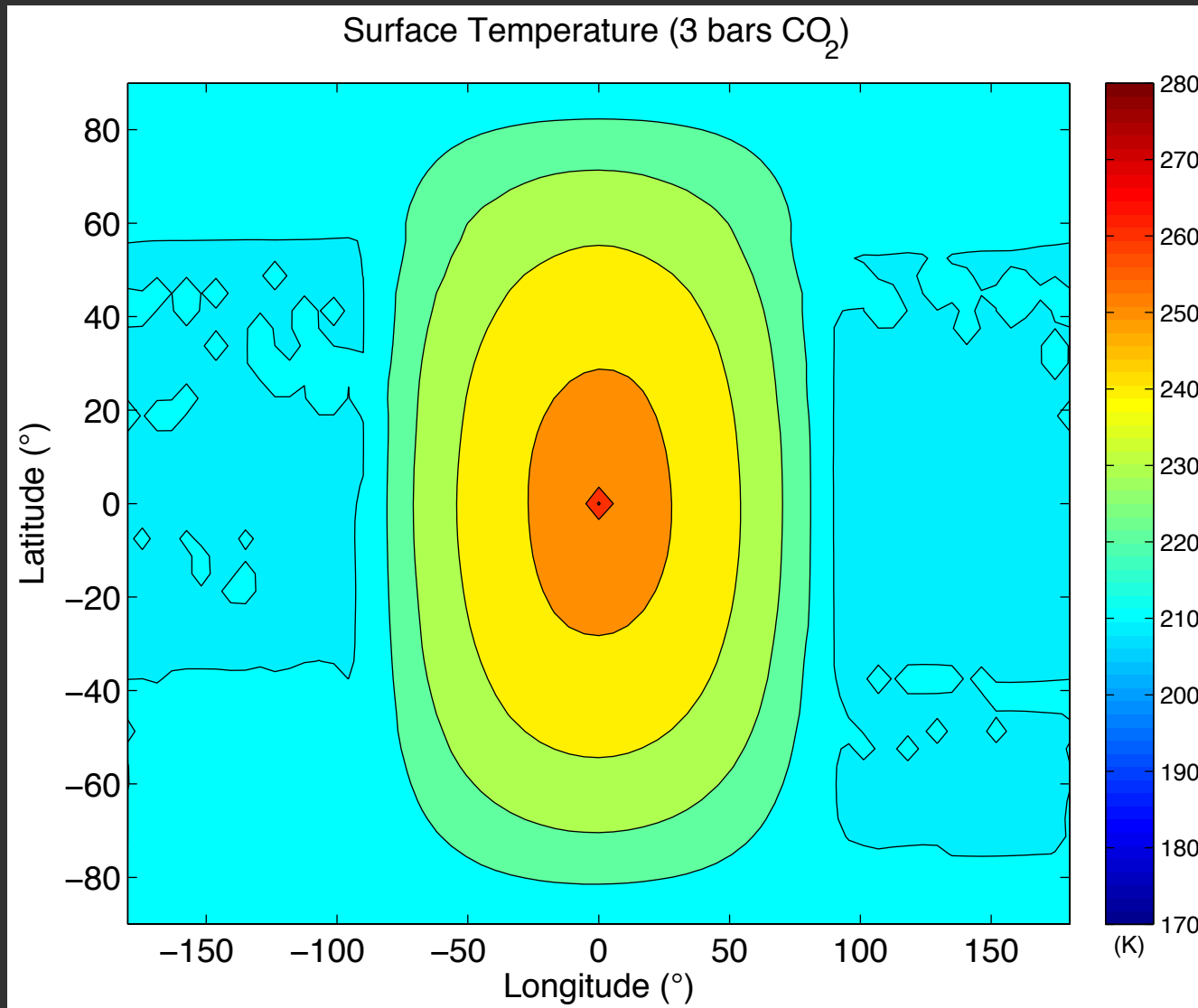
Equinox

Summer solstice  
(southern hem)  
closest approach

Aomawa Shields

Exoplanet Climatology

# Surface Temperature 3 bar CO<sub>2</sub>



Shields et al.  
(2016)

# Next 5 years at UCI

- Radiative Effects on climate of alternate surface types on exoplanets – **(NEW!)** NASA Habitable Worlds awarded program 16-HW16\_2-0003)
- Detailed habitability assessments of newly discovered planets
- Lots of opportunities for graduate student involvement

# More Exoplanet Research Coming to UCI

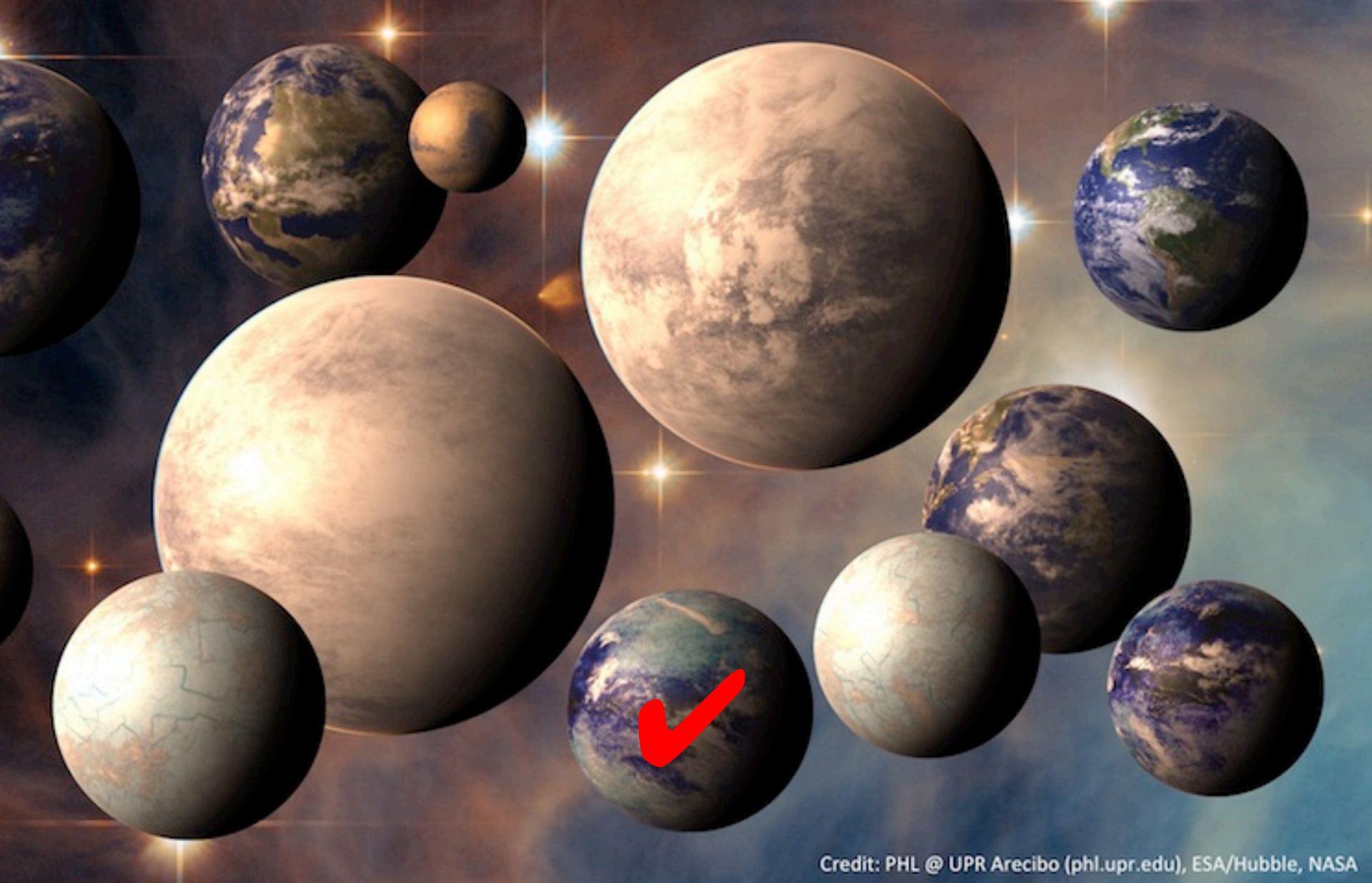


Paul Robertson



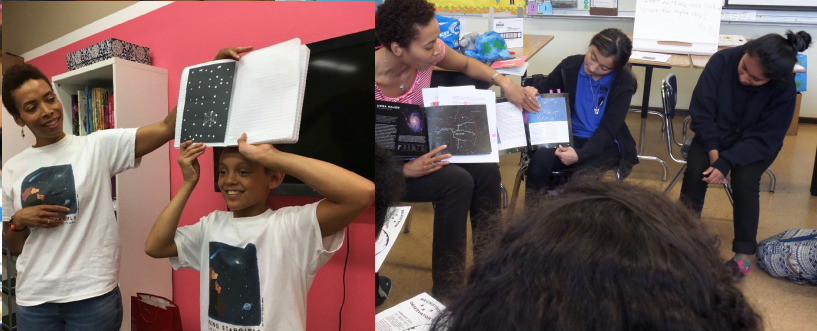
# Hiring a postdoc!

- Start date: Summer/Fall 2018
- Desired background:
  - Climate modeling experience
  - Glaciology, land surface geology and/or atmospheric dynamics
  - Interdisciplinary education and communication
- Application deadline: December 2017



Credit: PHL @ UPR Arcibo (phl.upr.edu), ESA/Hubble, NASA

# Rising Stargirls



**RISING STARGIRLS**  
STARS SHINE IN MANY COLORS.

RISING STARGIRLS

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# RISING STARGIRLS

*Stars shine in many colors*

We encourage girls of all colors and backgrounds to bring their whole selves to the learning, exploration, and discovery of the universe.

[www.risingstargirls.org/news](http://www.risingstargirls.org/news)

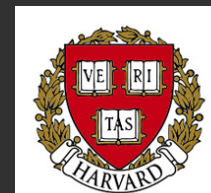
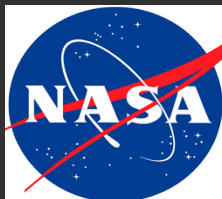
[www.risingstargirls.org](http://www.risingstargirls.org)

# Summary

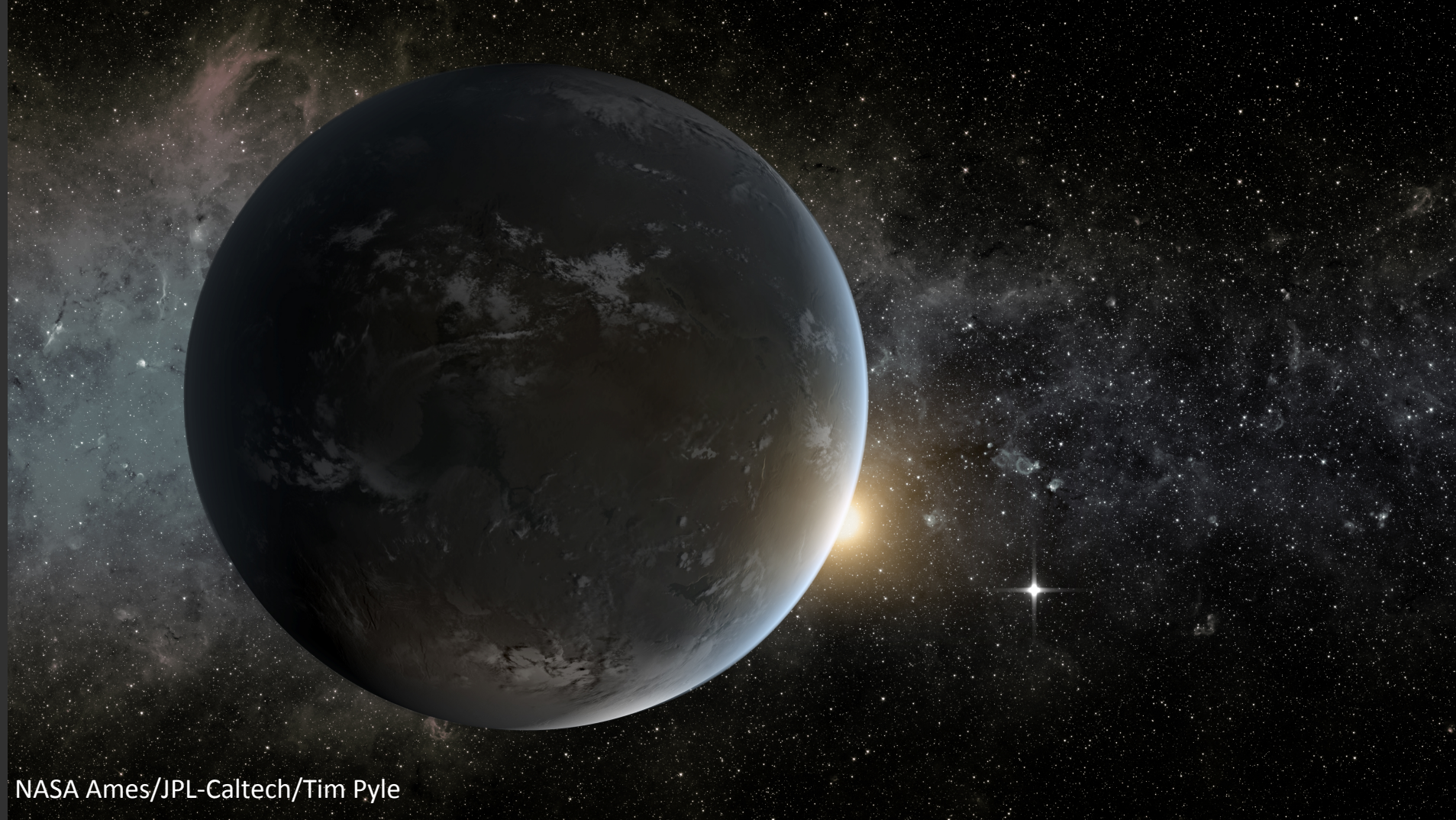
- Obs. Data + Theoretical Models = Accurate habitability assessments
  - M-dwarf planets exhibit more stable climates
  - Kepler-62f could be habitable
  - Deepening understanding of more complex climatic processes
  - Target prioritization for future mission follow-up

# Acknowledgments

- NASA Habitable Worlds Program
- National Science Foundation
- UC President's Postdoctoral Fellowship Program
- Virtual Planetary Laboratory (VPL)
- NASA Astrobiology Institute (NAI)
- Collaborators



# Thank you!



NASA Ames/JPL-Caltech/Tim Pyle

Aomawa Shields

Email: [shields@uci.edu](mailto:shields@uci.edu)

Twitter: [@aomawa](https://twitter.com/aomawa)

# Summary

- Obs. Data + Theoretical Models = Accurate habitability assessments
  - M-dwarf planets exhibit more stable climates
  - Kepler-62f could be habitable
  - Deepening understanding of more complex climatic processes
  - Target prioritization for future mission follow-up



# Ice albedo effect matters (middle range of Habitable Zone)

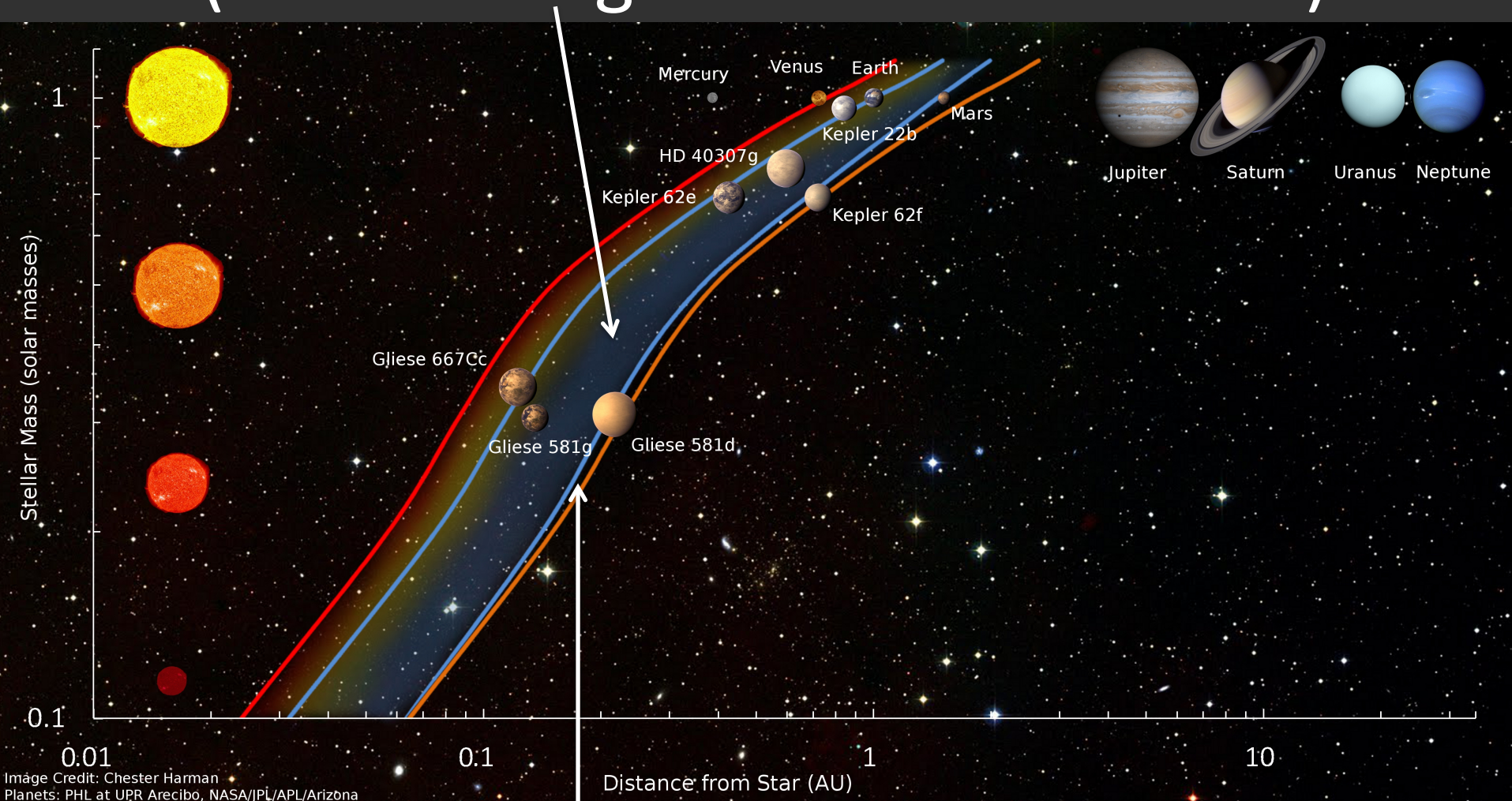
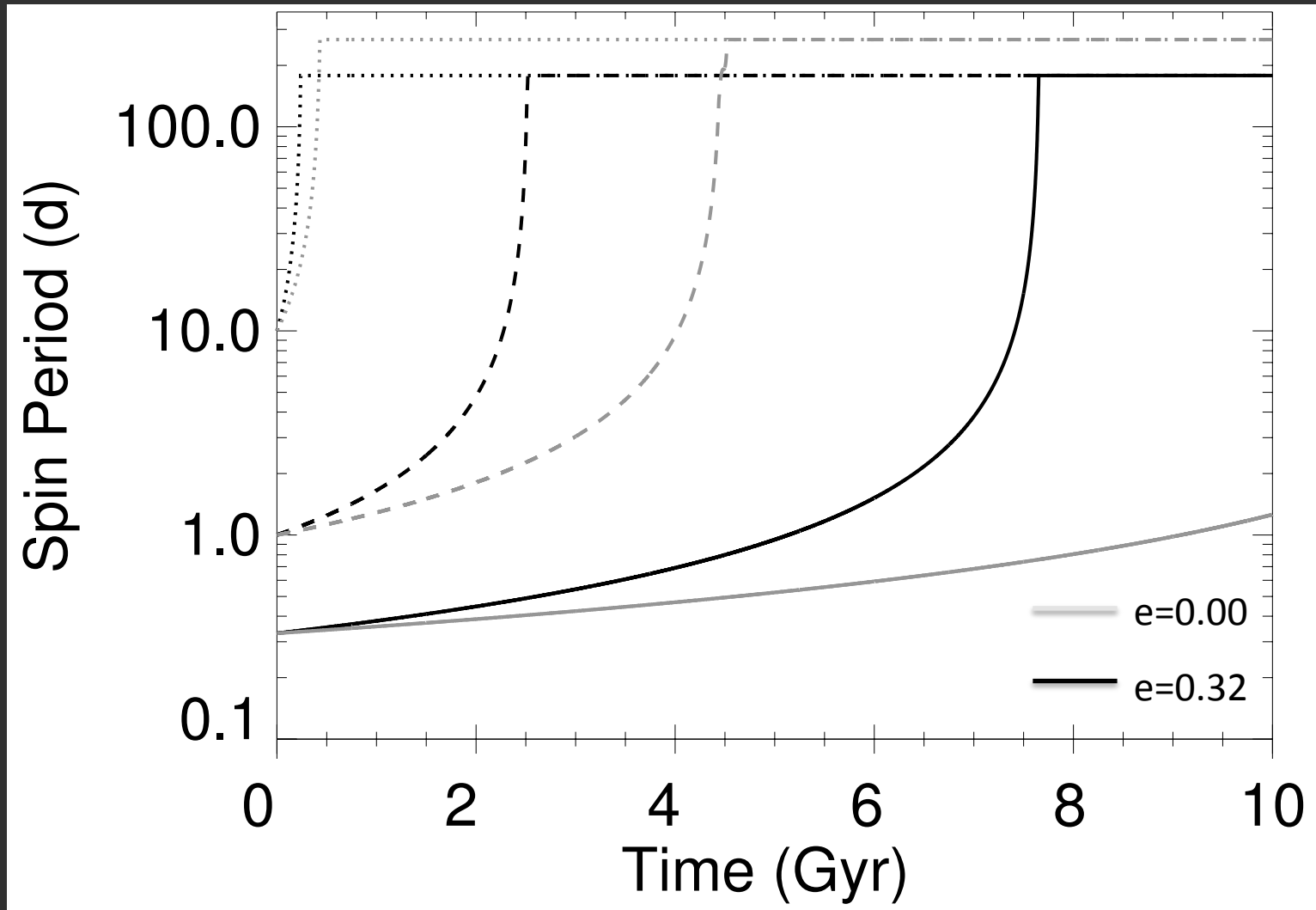


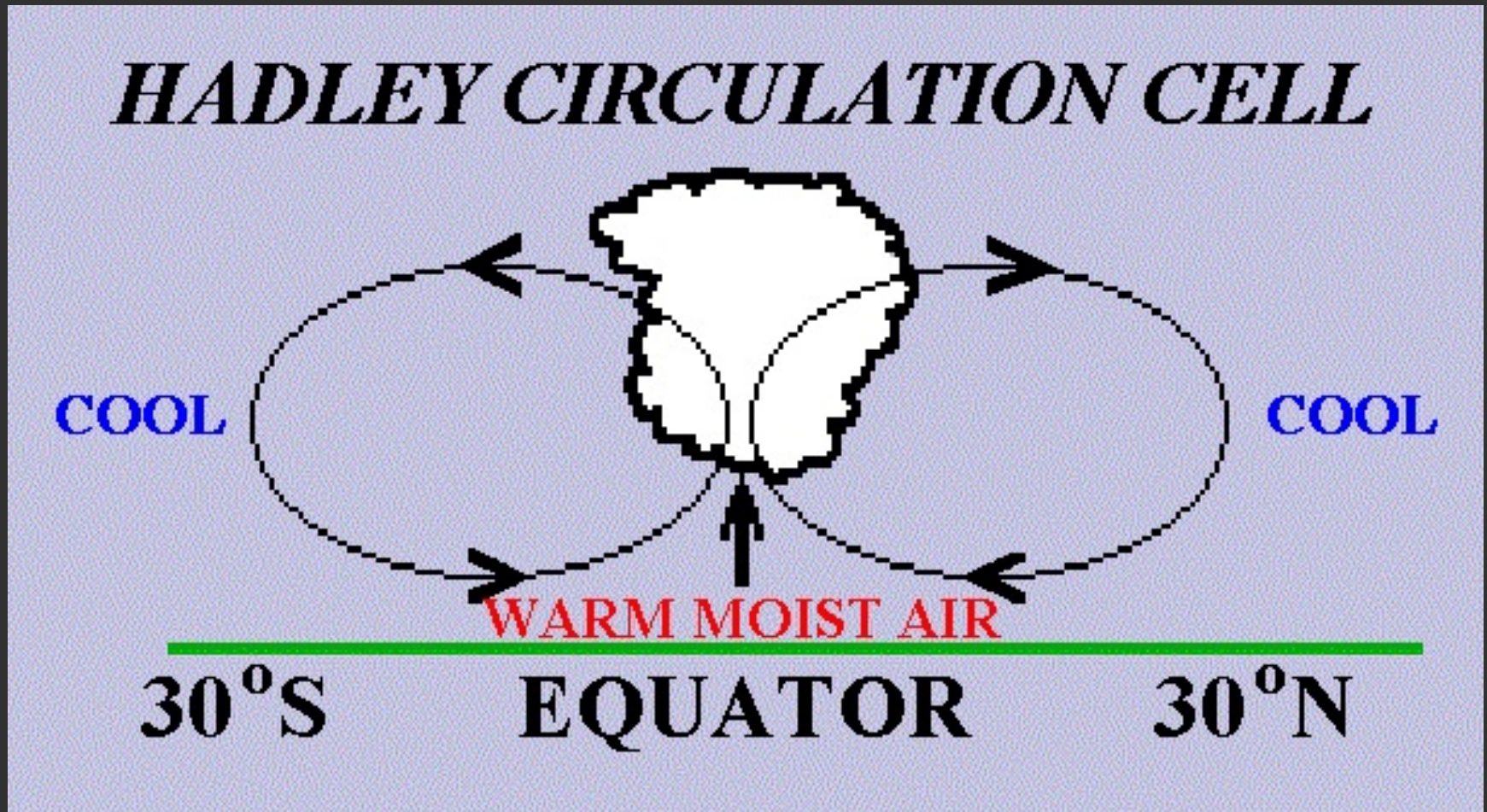
Image Credit: Chester Harman  
Planets: PHL at UPR Arcibo, NASA/JPL/APL/Arizona

# Synchronous rotation is possible



Shields et al. (2016)

# Hadley Circulation

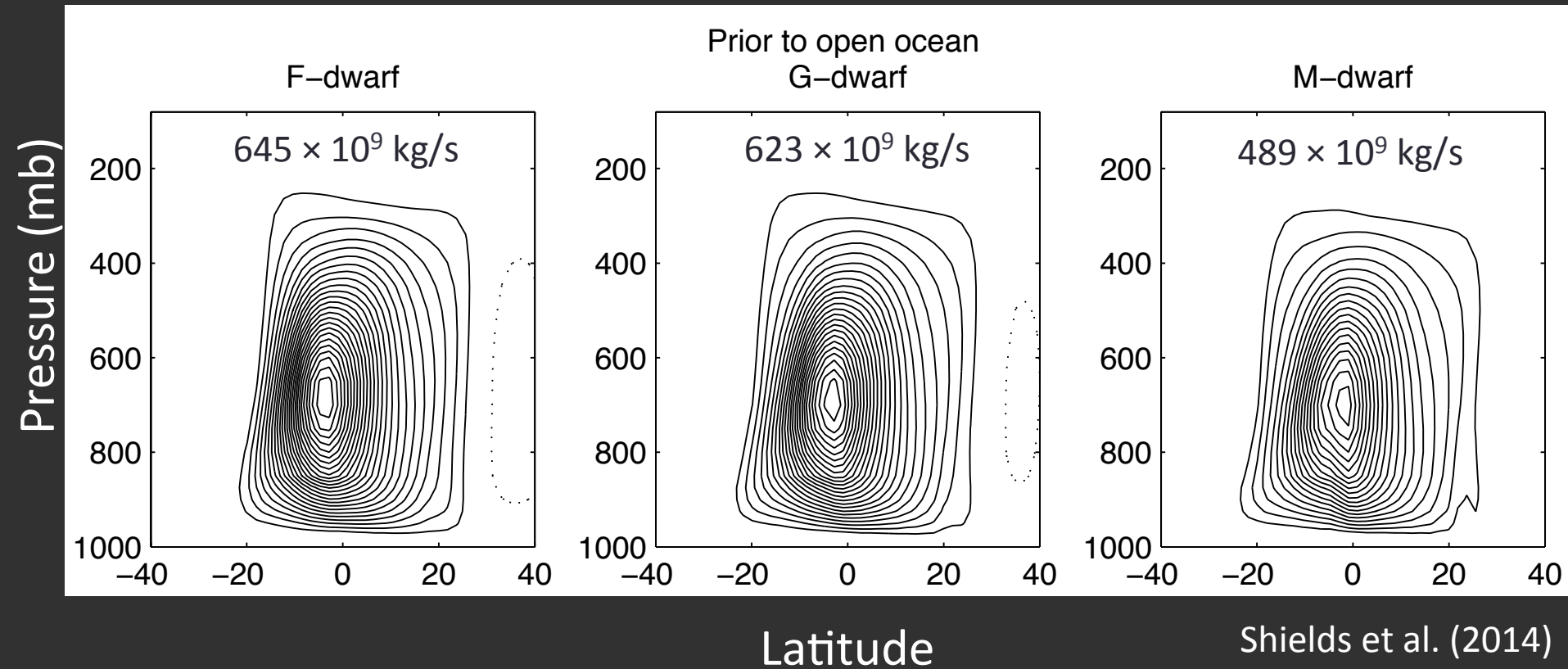


[http://sparce.evac.ou.edu/q\\_and\\_a/air\\_circulation.htm](http://sparce.evac.ou.edu/q_and_a/air_circulation.htm), SPaRCE

Transports heat from equator to higher latitudes

# Hadley circulation on deglaciating planets

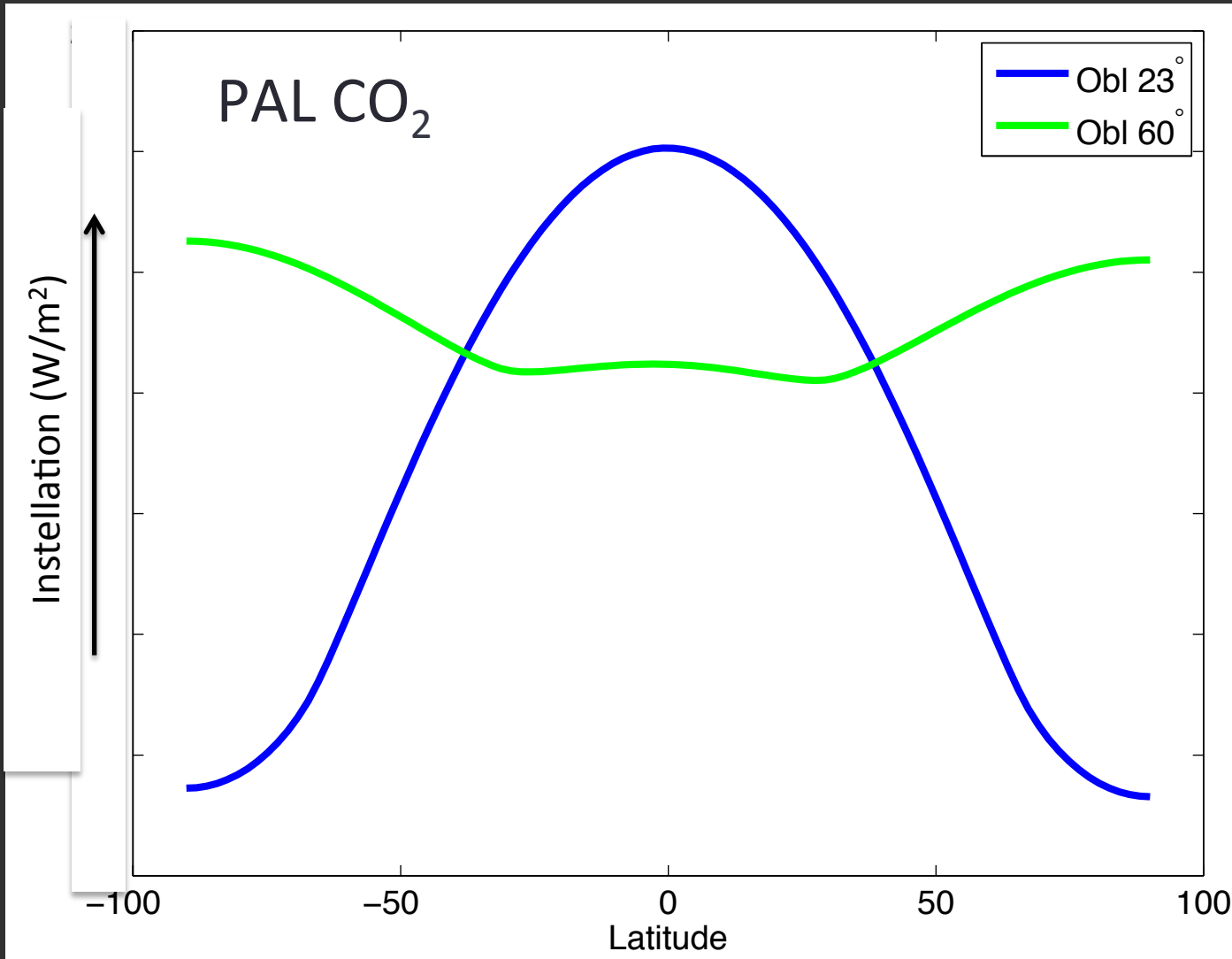
## Northern hemisphere winter



Shields et al. (2014)

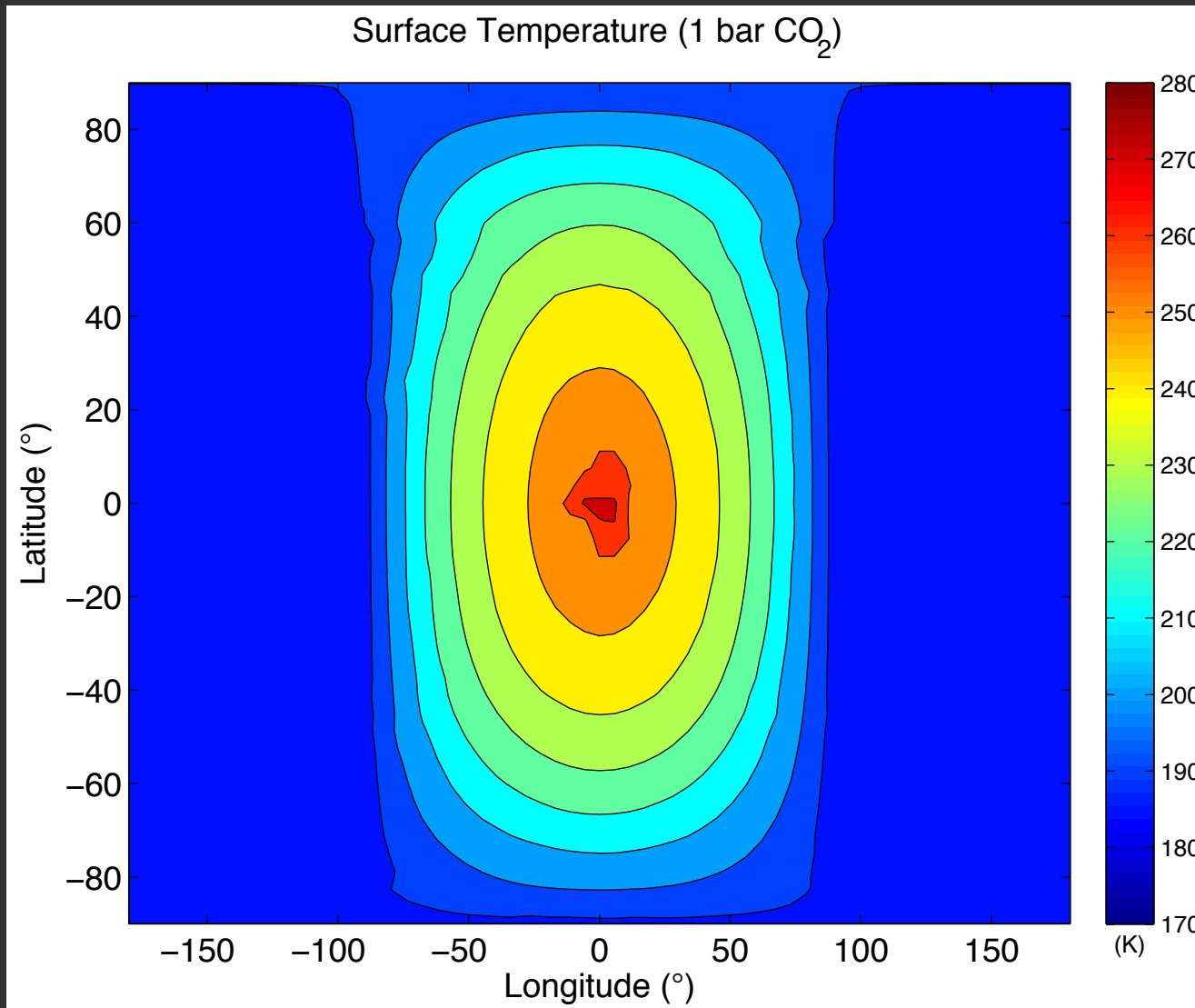
Weaker Hadley circulation helps M-dwarf planet thaw more easily

# Insolation

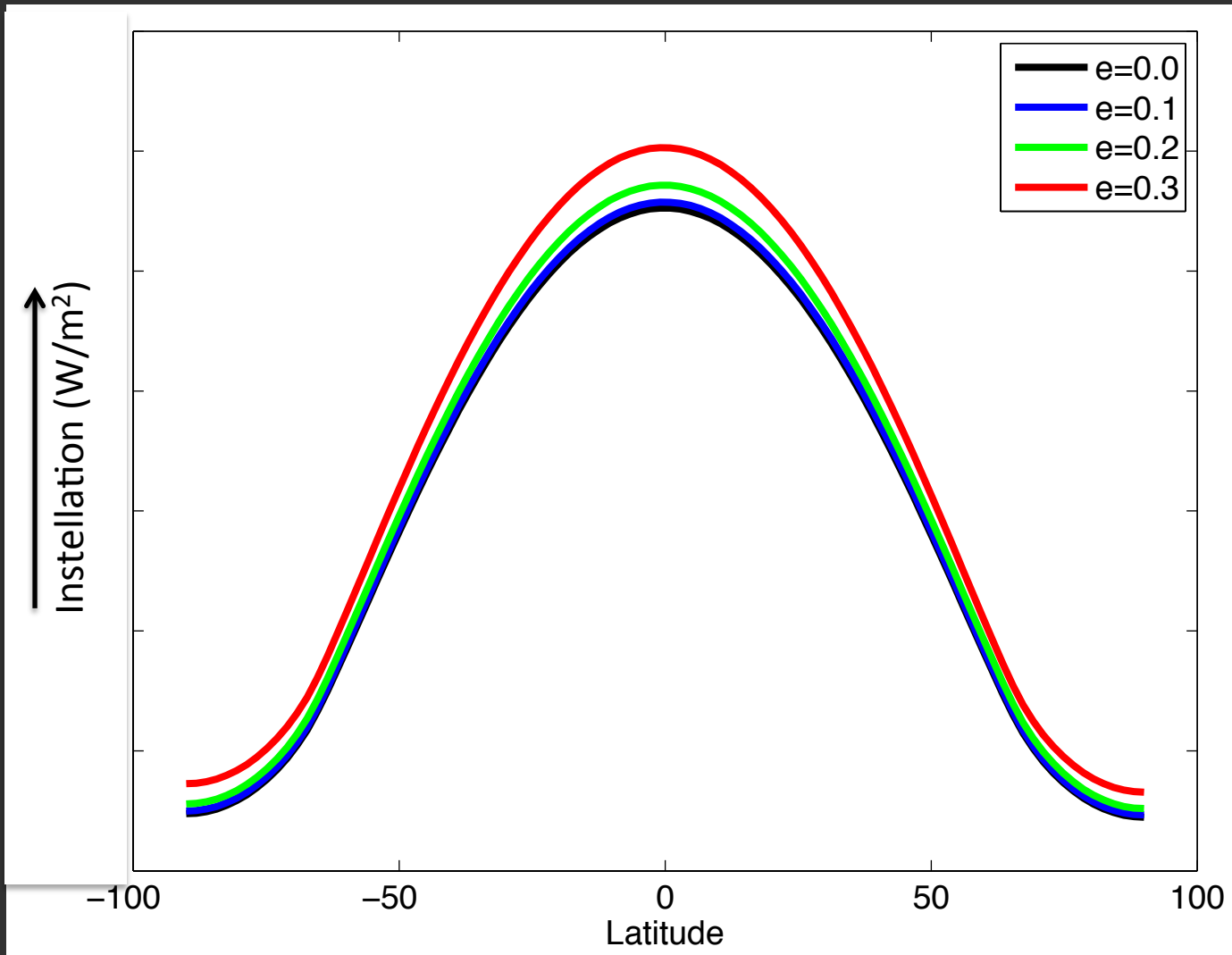


Shields et al. (2016)

# Surface Temperature 1 bar CO<sub>2</sub>



Shields et al.  
(2016)



Shields et al. (2016)

Higher eccentricity = More (ann. avg.) stellar insolation  
("instellation")